VOL. 46, NO. 178.

MONDAY EVENING-ST. LOUIS-FEBRUARY 4, 1895.

PRICE. 1 CENT.

BACK TO JAIL. GOT ANOTHER. UNDER THE ICE BABY IS DEAD. OUT OF A JOB. POPS IN POWER WILL FIND IT.

Murphy Recommitted.

Murphy's Sentence.

FACT THAT THEY WERE NOT IN COURT WHEN SENTENCED IRRELEVANT.

Officers Now Under Detention in Jailer Kraemer's Office-Lawyer Bass Asked Judge Murphy to Pardon the Men, But He Refused to Do So.

remanded Officers Thomas De War, Martin O'Brien and Thomas Murphy to the cusludge Murphy for contempt. In his decision on their petition for a writ of habeas corpus Judge Rombauer says:

being a court of record, and its jurisdiction on the matter in question being general where the record is silent, that facts war

where the record is silent, that facts warranting the judgment existed."

He assumed that the evidence showing that sentence was passed in the defendants' absence was admissible, because he believed any doubt on the subject should be resolved in favor of the prisoners.

"Whether admissible or not on the score of competency," the opinion continues, "I am bound to conclude that it is irrelevant, and even if admitted would not change the result, since its tendency at most is to show that the judgment of the court was erroneous and not that it was void for want of jurisdiction."

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.

Judge Rombauer recites the circumstances under which a prisoner may be discharged by writ of habeas corpus. Whether the commitment be for contempt or upon any other criminal charge, the court has power to inquire whether the commitment was according to law and the offense is plainly charged in the commitment and no further and has power to inquire into the legality and justice of the process to that extent only. Even when the law creating the crime charged is unconstitutional, that fact does not affect the jurisdiction of the court. If the law have no existence, the prisoner may be discharged by writ of habeas corpus. Judge Rombauer cites several cases in which excess of jurisdiction as to time, place and amount is defined. They all demonstrate that review by writ of habeas corpus is permissible in cases where there is want of jurisdiction, but not where jurisdiction exists, and has not been exceeded either in time, matter or amount, and where the sole commissing in that it has been excreaced. exists, and has not been exceeded either in time, matter or amount, and where the sole complaint is that it has been erroneously exercised. The fact that a contempt like the one charged in these cases is not sub-lect to review by appeal cannot increase the power to review by writ of habeas cor-

pus.

The absence of the prisoners when sentence was passed would not affect the court's jurisdiction. When the offense is committed in view of the court, the court is not bound to grant any flearing before sentencing for contempt as a matter of sentencing for contempt as a matter of right. Nor could facts developed at such a hearing be used in a habeas corpus proceeding. Consequently the court is unable to see how the prisoners were deprived of any right guaranteed by law simply because

see how the prisoners were deprived of any right guaranteed by law simply because sentence was passed in their absence.

OFFICERS REARRESTED.

After the Court of Appeals decision was handed down the officers were brought to the Four Courts and detained in Jalier Kraemer's office. Attorney Thomas B. Harvey, Chief Harrigan's lawyer, called at the Four Courts, together with Attorney J. J. O'Brien, who presented the matter to Gov. Stone, and held a consultation with Chief Harrigan's office, that he wanted before taking any further steps to confer with Judge Krum, who presented the matter to the Court of Appeals during Attorney Harvey's absence. Judge Krum is in Claytop, but is expected back during the day. If he did not return within a reasonable time he would take action himself. He said that he had not made up his mind what course to take. Chief Harrigan, when seen, said simply that the attorneys were working on the case.

Attorney Bass, who is very friendly to the police force personally, made an application to Judge Murphy refused to do so.

GREENHUT OUSTED.

Judge Grosscup Makes Changes in the Whisky Trust Receivers.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 4.-Judge Grosset to-day ousted J. B. Greenhut from the receivership of the Whisky Trust. He allowe



J. B. GREENHUT. ntative of the directors, and appoint-John McNuita as receiver-in-chief. Mitchell was appointed as another, to represent the New York stock-

Printing Office.

Gang of Counterfeiters.

HE IS THE FIFTH MAN CAPTURED BY THE GOVERNMENT DETECTIVES.

Thiel Boarded in the House Where the Spurious Coin Was Made-Federal Officers Still Pursuing the Investigation-Operations Were Extensive.

Officers Still Pursuing the Investigation—Operations Were Extensive.

Otto Thiele, aged 19, employed in the pressroom of the Woodward & Tiernan Printing Co., was arrested by Secret Service Operative Sweeney at 10 a. m. on suspicion of being connected with Charles Davis, Frank Russell and Charles Deibel, who were arrested Saturday by United States Marshals and detectives.

This makes five arrests of what the officers believe are members of a large gang of counterfeiters. The first arrest was that of Richard P. Jamison several weeks ago on the charge of passing a counterfeit 5 gold piece. The Government detectives are devoting all their time to the case and they expect to uncover the entire conspiracy. Davis and Russell were arrested at daybreak Saturday, while in bed in Davis' house, at 4826 North Main street, and Deibel was arrested in a saloon on Broadway. Thiel has been boarding with the Davises for four months, and the Government officers claim he could not be an occupant of the house and not know that the alleged counterfeiting was going on. Thiel says that he has no knowledge of any counterfeiting done in the house.

Thiel's parents live at 1421 North Sixteenth street. He says that he made his home with them until four months ago, when they falsely accused him of being too intimate with a woman 50 years old living in South St. Louis. Mr. and Mrs. Thiel told their son to leave and he found a boarding-house at Eighteenth street and Franklin avenue. After awhile someone told him of the Davishouse as a good boarding place and he moved his belongings there.

He slept in the room in which Russell was asleep when arrested. Under this bed the officers found a quantity of babbit metal and a pan in which metal had been heated. On the floor were signs that casting of some sort had been done during the night. In Russell's clothes were found several counterfeit silver dollars.

In the face of these facts the authorities do not think that Thiel is telling the truth when he says he did not assist in making or passing cou

BACK TO PEKIN.

The Chinese Envoys Fail in Their Mission of Peace.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

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TOK1O, Japan, Feb. 4.—The Ambassadors sent here by China to negotiate terms of peace, as was supposed, were given no power by their own Government to decide any question whatever. Their credentials, therefore, were no better than so much waste paper, for Japan refuses to treat with any emissaries not authorized to determine issues on the spot, and empowered to bind the Empire of China to faithfully carry out any terms agreed upon. any terms agreed upon.

China's embassadors, with their imposing retinues, start to-day on their return home, having accomplished nothing, not even having been officially recognized as regularly commisioned agents of the government they claim to represent.

CAPTURED BY CHINESE. Reported Seizure of the Warship Con-

LONDON, Feb. 4.—According to a dispatch from Chin Kiang by way of Shanghai, a party of officers of the American gunboat Concord landed at Chin Kiang to hunt. By accident a Chinaman was killed. The infuriated populace seized the whole party. The commander of the Concord sent an armed force of blue jackets and marines to rescue the officers. Further advices are expected.

following is a list of the Concord's The following is a list of the Concord sofficers:
Commander, Joseph E. Craig; Commanding Lieutenants, E. S. Prime, G. A. Merriam, Wm. S. Hogg, W. A. Gill; Ensigns, Marbury Johnson, C. M. Faks and L. H. Everhart; Naval Cadets, Chester Wells, J. B. Potter and A. M. Proctor; Surgeon, W. A. McClurg; Paymaster, Henry R. Smith: Assist at Engineer, J. B. Patton; Cadet Engineer, J. R. Brady.

THE NEWS CONFIRMED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4—An official dispatch has been received at the Japanese Legation confirming the report that the Chinese envoys have been sent back to China by the Japanese because the envoys were not clothed with plenary powers by their Government. It appears, in fact, that the envoys did not even have a proposition from China to make to the Japanese, but apparently came to find out in a general way what it was that the Japanese wanted as terms of peace.

SOUTHERN TRUST.

A Syndicate at Work to Control the Pine Lumber Output.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 4.—The facts have just leaked out about a secret meeting at the Hotel Aragon in this city Thursday for the purpose of forming a syndicate. The Georgia-Alabama syndicate will to-operate with those already virtually in existence in Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi and the result will be the formation of a trust which will control the southern pine lumber markets. The mills represented include the vast majority of the southern pine lumber markets of the southern pines turning out long leaf pine. Two committees were formed to canvass for the organization in Alabama and Georgia. The Georgia committee consists of Messrs, Pops, Amorous, Steel, Cheeves and Tift; the Alabama committee are Messrs, Rayl, Waganer, Hand, Partridge and Welch, These men are now at work on the proposed "combine."

the Kinnickinic.

Court of Appeals Sustains Judge Supposed to Belong to the Davis The Motorman and Two Pas- Took a Baby to Albambra and Once Queen of Hawaii, But Now Proposed Financial Legislation The Taking of Testimony in Colsengers are Drowned.

BRIDGE CAUSES THE DISASTER.

About a Dozen Persons Were on Board, and Eight of These Have Been Taken Out Alive From the River.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 4.—A trolley car of the Russell avenue and Holton street line plunged through the open draw of the Kunnckinic avenue bridge at 8.30 this morning, carrying three people dowr to death in the loy waters of the river. Eight others were rescued from the partly submerged car. It was the worst street car accident that ever happened in Milwaukee, and the news of the disaster sent a thrill of horror throughout the city.

From all accounts the accident seems to have clearly been due to the carelessness of the motorman, John Kennedy, but he stuck to his post in a vain endeavor-to stop the car, which he had permitted to approach too near to the open draw, and paid the penalty of his carelessness with his life. The car struck endwise in the river and was submerged for about two-thirds of its length, the heavy lee being the cause of its not going to the bottom of the river. This circumstance alone, it is believed, made it possible to rescue any of the passengers. The dead are:

Miss Antoinette G. Ehlman, a kindergarten teacher in the Twelfth District Primary School and daughter of Prof. E. Ehlman, director of music in the public schools.

John Kennedy, motorman.

John Kennedy, motorman.

Miss Schmidt Kunze, employed at the
National Knitting Works.

The rescued were:

W. P. Severey, No. 706 Walnut street

W. P. Severey, No. 706 Walnut Street; hand cut.
A. O. Oertell, No. 766 Island avenue.
G. W. Chase, No. 702 Fourth street.
H. Kuehn, No. 307 Reed street.
F. Brand, No. 340 Grove street.
Ella Wachholz, Illa Eleventh street; hurt about the shoulder.
Edward Hoffman, 446 Jackson street.
Miss Annie Alb, 710 Poplar street.
Russell and Holtman avenue car No. 246, south bound, was speeding along up Kinnickinic avenue at about 8:30 this morning with twelve passengers on board. The Chi-

south bound, was speeding along up Kinnickinic avenue at about \$:30 this morning with twelve passengers on board. The Chicago & Northwestern Raliroad crossing, situated about twe-thirds of a block north of Kinnickinic bridge, was made on schedule time. The usual, stops were observed and at the conductor's signal to go ahead Motorman Kennety applied his power and the ill-fated car started onward, to be suddenly stopped by an awful casualty. Rolling along at a fair speed, not more than probably ten or twelve feet from the bridge, Conductor Peterson, who is said to have been in the service but a short time, rang the bell to stop.

Instantly the passengers became alive to the fact that there was something out of the ordinary wrong, and they soon perceived cause for alarm, when, looking out, the open draw was almost at hand and no brakes had as yet been applied. At the sound of the bell the motorman grasped the brake crank and twisted it with might and main. But the wheels slipped; there was no time to reach for sand, and to the borror of the helpless passengers they realized that no power on earth could prevent them from plunging headlong into the yawning guilf of ice waters.

Wild shrieks from the four women pas-

waters.
Wild shricks from the four women pas-sengers were mingled with the breathless waters.

Wild shrieks from the four women passengers were mingled with the breathless gasps of the pale-faced men. There was no time to plan nor to say a word. The rear door was all the means of escape that was offered. The men on the rear end, two or three, including the conductor, had already jumped. William F. Severy was the first to reach the door. He had occupied a front seat at the window and had seen the bridge open shortly after the railroad crossing had been passed. He needed not the warning bell of the conductor to notify him of the danger. He had already been calculating. He was the first to bound forward and reach the handle of the rear door. But he never opened it. The instant he touched it the forward end went down, and he, together with the terror-stricken passengers who were crowding behind him, were thrown to the front. A heavy crash followed as the ice was struck, and then the car gradually sank half-way into the water. The fire was instantly quenched, and the passengers were entirely submerged.

The two ladies who met their death must have been at the very bottom, and were instantly suffocated, as their bodies bear no signs of bruises. One woman, probably Ella Wachholz, clung desperately to Edward Hoffman as he continued to raise himself out of the water. He could lend no assistance, however, as his strength was almost gone; but the strong arm of a rescuer was near at hand, and the helpless woman was safely borne above the waters and soon placed in a place of safety. Annie Alb was rescued in a similar way. Their preservation is due alone to the fact that they chanced to be farthest away from the rear door in the first attempt to escape.

Miss Schmid Kunze's body was the first discovered. Afterwards, the bodies of Miss Ehlman and the motorman were taken from the car.

GROCERS ASSIGN.

F. Mitchell & Bro. Compelled to Close Their Doors.

F. Mitchell & Bro., grocers at the southeast corner of Chestnut and Second streets,
assigned property estimated at \$95,000 for
the benefit of creditors.

The assigned assets include eighty acres
of land in Prairie County, Ark., 13,233.29
cash in the St. Louis National Bank, 22,000
cash in the hands of J. O'Donohue's Sons,
New York, \$500 in the Wholesale Grocers'
Association, twenty shares of the St. Louis
National Bank stock, 310,000 policy in the
Mutual Life Assurance Co. of New York on
the life of Franklin Mitchell.

'Ine members of the firm are Franklin and
Solomon C. Mitchell.

LONGS NO LONGER.

PERCY, Ill., Feb. 4-F. D. Lewis of ne Ava. Ill., recently became the father of it twentieth child, which completes the nuber he has always longed for.

Officers Dewar, O'Brien and Otto Thiel Was Arrested in a A Trolley Car Plunges Into Singular Conduct of Two St. Exiled Liliuokalani May Be Their Votes Will Control the The State Excise Committee Louis Women.

Left It on . Doorstep.

AND WAS BURIED.

Both of the Mysterious Women Were Veiled-They Returned to the City on a Clover Leaf Train This Morning.

The ihabitants of Alhambra, Ill., a small town on the Clover Leaf, thirty-five miles from St. Louis, are anxiously finquiring the identity of two unknown young women who went out there from this city Friday night, left a baby in a basket at the residence of an unsuspecting farmer and then skipped out, leaving the baby to die and be buried by train hands.

A dispatch from New Douglass, Ill., five.

by train hands.

A dispatch from New Douglass, Ill., five miles this side of Alhambra, conveys the information that the women reached Alhambra about 8 p. m. Friday, heavily veiled, took a room for the night at a hotel near the station, arose early Saturday morning and going to the home of Henry Pierce, left a basket, saying that "Nellie would call for it in a few hours." Then they disappeared. The basket was set to one side and not much attention was paid to it until a

for it in a few hours." Then they disappeared. The basket was set to one side and not much attention was paid to it until a baby's cry was heard.

The basket was then opened and a three weeks' old baby, dressed in good garments and covered with two shawls, was found lying in a bed of cotton. As the basket had been standing out in the cold, the child was almost frozen and its little life passed away a few hours later. Sunday it was buried.

Division Superintendent Wester of the Clover Leaf was surprised this morning when informed of the story by, a Post-Dispatch reporter and wired his agent at Alhambra, asking if it was correct, and the agent wired back that it was. The Superintendent then asked him for a description of the young women and the Alhambra operator responded that one was a girl apparently about 17 years old. 4 feet 10 inches high, rather heavy-set and had a light complexion. The other, he said, wore a veil and a plush jacket, was taller and welghed, he would judge, about 140 pounds.

Supt. Wester then told the Post-Dispatch man that Frank Haselion was the conductor on the train that left the Union Station Friday night and that he could be seen at the Laclede.

Mr. Haselton was found in bed at Room 120. "Yes, I remember carrying two ladies to Athambra Friday night." said he from between the sheets in answer to a question. "but if brought them back this morning. I didn't see them have any basket. They were both very nice ladies, though; very nicely dressed, and I don't think they could have left any baby there. But, of course, I don't know. They were both young and one was shorter and stouter than the other. It was talking to them coming down this morning, and I think they know the station agent at Alhambra. I don't know who they are because they didn't give me their names. You had better see the brakeman, Mr. Pence."

Mr. Pence was found at the home of a Mr. Malvern, on the west side of Sixteenth street, just two doors north of Clark avenue. He appeared to have a more distinct recollection of the you

and big black hats. One was a tall, thin woman of about 21, the other was smaller, stouter and prettier. The younger one had a basket. I remember this, for when they left the train at Alhambra, I offered to carry the basket to the platform for her. But she refused to permit me, saying she could carry it herself. This morning she got on our train coming through Alhambra, and I noticed that neither she nor her companion had the basket. They were escorted to the station by two men. One was a young-looking fellow and the other a man about 30. The station agent ought to know who they were. I don't. They got off at Main street coming back. They didn't talk much or say anything about their identity or their business. They were accompanied when they boarded the train at Alhambra by a woman of about 50, who went as far as Edwardsville with them. She left the train there. They called her 'auntie.'"

Supt. Wester wired his agent at Alhambra to interview Pierce and get his story, but the agent wired back that Pierce could not be found in the town.

THE WEATHER.

To-Night and To-Morrow.

Weather forecast for St. Louis and vicin-tiy—Fair Monday followed by snow com-mencing late Monday night or on Tuesday morning. Warmer Monday night and Tues-

For Illinois—Fair and continued coid tonight; Tuesday fair and slightly warmer
to-night; Tuesday fair.

A severe cold wave covers the country
east of the Rocky Mountains except in the
Southeast. The temperature at Minnedosa
is 42 degrees below zero, and the zero line
extends south to Oklahoma and east to Ohio.
The minimum temperature at St. Louis was
6 degrees below zero.

The barometer is lowest on the New England Coast and in Colorado, and is abnormally high in the Northwest.

During Sunday afternoon and evening
there were light local snows in the Northwest and in the Central Valleys.

The low area in Colorado will probably develop eastward during the next twentyfour hours, causing some snow in this vicinity with higher temperature.

Arkanssa—Fair; colder in southeast portion Tuesday morning; warmer in northwestern portion Tuesday afternoon; variable winds, becoming easterly.

SIX BELOW ZERO.

This Morning.

The cold wave which swept over the city Sunday morning had a very depressing effect on the thermometer, and at 7-a. m. Monday the official reading was 6 degs. below zero, the lowest point reached. After that the mercury began to rise slowly. Local Forecast Official Frankenfield says that Monday night will not be as cold as Sunday night. The present cold wave extends over all the territory east of the Rocky Mountains, except in Texas and the Southwest. Some of the very cold spots at 7 a. m. were Minnedosa, Manitoha. 42 degs.; St. Vincent, Minn., 10 degs.; Moorhead, Minn., 12 degs.; Dovenport, Io., 12 degs.; Louisville, Ky, 2 degs.; Oklahoma City, O. T., stro.

Heading This Way.

Plain Mrs. Dominis.

AN OPEN DRAW OF A MILWAUKEE THE LITTLE ONE DIED IN A FEW HOURS SHE MAY GO TO WASHINGTON AND CALL PRES SILVER MEN WAITING THE AC. THE CZAR EXPLAINS WHY BELL COL-ON MR. CLEVELAND.

> It is Thought the Ex Ruler Will Reach San Francisco on the Next Steamer From Honolulu-Old, But Still Come ly-Fun for the Jingoes.

for his blundering policy which brings an exiled monarch to the American White House to plead for the restoration of her throne.

Prior to the death of King Kalakaus, at which time Liliuokalani became Queen of Hawaii, she had been commonly known to foreigners as Princess Lydia, or as Mrs. Dominis. She is now past her 53d year and of comely person. Her husband, who was known for many years before her accession to the throne as Governor Dominis, took rank at that time as Prince Consort. He is a prudent, agreeable gentleman of American birth and Honolulu mercantille education. John O. Dominis for several years held the office of Governor of Oahu. There have been married over thirty years and have no children.

Mrs. Dominis long held a prominent place in Honolulu society, associating from youth with the more cultivated ladies of the capital, among whom, like Queen Emma and the late Princess Pauchi Bishop. of honored memory, she received her early education. She has a perfect use of English, a good literary and an especially good musical culture. Her magnes is peculiarly winning, her bearing noble and becoming, the latter a characteristic of Hawaitan royalty. Few persons were ever more stately and impressive than many of the old royal chiefs could be upon occasion.

Besides a small private fortune, the Princess for many years enjoyed a stipend of \$5,000. As Queen she received \$20,000 per annum. A sumptuous palace was also maintained for the sovereign's use. Besides all this, was the life use of the income of the crown lands, which amounted during her reign to perhaps \$15,000 per year. These provisions were then regarded as ample for purposes of royal state hospitality in so small a kingdom, although King Kalakaua could never miske both ends meet any more than could his admired friend, the Prince of Wales.

In religious affiliation Lilliuokalani continued to edherate to the negative of the second of the countries to edherate to the negative of the second of the countries of the second of the countries of the second o

Lunallo and the Princess Pauoni, she re-tained her seat in the old stone church con-nected with the American mission.

As Lilioukalani promises to keep her name before the American people it is just as well to know how to pronounce it. Min-ister Thurston, who, by the way, is no friend of this monarch out of a job, explains that her name means "Lily of the Sky," and is pronounced this way: "Lil-lee-woke-a-lanny," with a silf accent on the "lee."

OLNEY'S INSULT.

He Called the Solicitor-General an "Impertinent Scoundrel."

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 4.—The exact nature of the Attorney-General's insult which led to the resignation of Solicitor General Maxwell is now known. It seems that in the offensive letter penned by Mr. Olney to his subordinate, the Solicitor General was called "an impertinent scoundrel." The letter writer, it is claimed, seeks to sustain his right to use such language by rehearsing acts of Mr. Maxwell which the



Mr. Olney insists that Mr. Maxwell made and false statements in regard to certain ongressional reports submitted to him for apection; that he had made corrections in refer to serve his own purposes and in accordance with his own personal interests hat when Mr. Maxwell asserted that he id consulted or spoken with the Secretary the Treasury in regard to his action in e income tax cases he made an utterly se statement.

The Solicitor General unheld his display

United States Senate.

Sure to Be Sidetracked.

TION OF THE HOUSE.

Just Now the Democrats Tie the Republicans-After March 4 Populist Influence Will Be Increased-Talk of Sen-

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 4.—The Democrats of the Senate this week will find themselves in the peculiar position of controlling the organization and patronage of that body and yet being in a minority. The slating of Pritchard, the North Carolina Republican elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Vance, and the presence of Mantle, the new Senator from Montana, have tied the Senate and given the casting vote to the Vice-President.

This week will see Wilson of Washington and Clark of Wyoming in their seats, and for the first time since the Fifty-third Congress met there will be a Senate without a vacancy and with an anti-Democratic majority.

wans held the office of Governor of Oshu. There may been married over thirty years and have no children. Mrs. Dominis long held a prominent place in Honolulu society, associating from youth with the more cultivated ladies of the capital, among whom, like Queen Emma and ord memory, she received her early education. She has a perfect use of English, a good literary and an especially, good musical legislation the situation is materialing, her bearing noble and becoming, the latter a characteristic of Hawaisan royalty. Few persons were ever more stately and others could be upon occasion.

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tion of reorganization of the Senate, the Republican Senators are far from having made up their minds to court the co-operation of the Populists. It is even possible that this co-operation cannot be secured, for the Populists have aiready been recognized by the Democrats in some small way in this respect, and rather than lose control of the extensive and important patronage of the Senate the Democrats, after March 4, probably would make further concessions to their populistic almes.

There will be two broad issues of a conflict from the nature which will affect the direction of a populistic alliance in the next Congress. On the one hand will be the desire of radical Republican Senators to investigate Southern election frauds, while, pulling the Populists in another direction, will be a knowledge of the fact that most of the Southern Democratic Senators are heartly with them in all their financial vagarles. This will have a tendency to prevent their forming an alliance with the Republicans, even though their failure to do so might prevent them from gaining an additional Senator in the person of Warren Reed, who has filed a contest against Senator Morgan of Alabama. The Populists are likely to maintain close relations with the Democrats on the question of organization, thus preventing any strictly partisan inquiry into the Southern elections. This will mean little, for the Republicans, with their overwhelming majority in the House, an investigate Southern election frauds to their hearts' content.

MASKED BURGLARS.

Five of Them Blow Open the Safe of an Ohio Bank.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 4.—At 4 o'clock this morning Lookwood's Bank at Milan, Eric County, O., was entered by five masked burglars and the safe blown open and robbed of about 130,000. The man were seen as they were escaping in a wagon headed for Sandusky. A lively exchange of shots took places between Cashier Staddard and the gang, but they got away asfely.

A posse of men was hurriedly organized and soon followed in pursuit. At the same time notices were sent by wire in all directions and the news spread around them so securely that escape was well nigh impissible. At Sandusky two men were caught, while it is only a question of a few hours

BALLOT-BOX REPEATER.

After That \$4,102.

lector Ziegenhein's Office.

LECTED MORE WOMEY.

sent to White Washing Tactics—He Demands a Thorough Investigation of

The Legislative Committee appointed to investigate the offices of Excise Commissioner Bell and Collector Ziegenhein, so far as the latter pertained to the collection of liquor licenses, commenced work in the Collector's office at 9:30 a. m. Mr. Ziegenhein presented a statement showing the number of licenses issued by him from January, 1892, to July, 1893, and the number issued by Mr. Bell from July, 1893, to January, 1895. This statement showed that the former had issued 5,762 licenses in the above three periods of six months each, while the latter had issued 6,411 licenses in the same length of time.

When asked by the committee to explain this increase during Mr. Bell's administration Mr. Ziegenhein replied that during his term he did not have a sufficient force to make a thorough canvass of the city and do the work. He had only seven men and these were unable to do the necessary work.



which time an open meeting would be held. His reason for the motion, he said, was because he thought that every one had a right to hear the testimony of all witnesses.

After a little argument on the part of the other members, who thought that toe much valuable time would be wasted in that way, the motion was carried.

THE SUNDAY LAW.

Before the committee adjourned Excise Commissioner Bell, who came in during the discussion, was asked a few questions. When maked if he had any reason to believe that any salcons in the city were kept open on Sunday he replied that he thought they all were, but he could not state such to be the fact of his own personal knowledge. He stated that it was not his duty to dose salcons on Sunday, but the duty of the police. He said that some time ago he issued an order for all salcons to close on Sunday under penalty of having their licenses revoked. The police have never reported any violation of that law to him; neither has any citizen made any complaint, and if they are open and running on Sunday it is the duty of the police to enforce he law. "I do not think it would do any good to arrest salcon men for this offense, he said, "as it is utterly impossible to enforce a law which is argainst public sentiment. Suppose I arrest 500 for selling on Sunday; in my opinion not one of them would be convicted.

"Don't you think the law should be given at least a trial?" inquired Mr. Spencer.

"Certainly," Mr. Bell replied, "but that is the duty of the police, not mine."

Mr. Bell then presented to Chairman Swanger the following petitions of applicants for salcon licenses on condition that they be returned to his office at an early date and not be permitted to leave the hands of the committee. The petitions were made out in the names of R. W. Wilkinson, Charles Stark, Rolff & Bonfier, D. Sanguinette, Monroe Cravens, J. C. Dougherry, James S. Rothschild, C. S. Fulkerson, Frank Persm and Julius Lang. These salcons of this character usually have the signatures of a much better class of men than th

"you need nave no tear of any part of our investigation."

Mr. Davidson then asked Mr. Bell if he exercised the same diligence in hunting down saloons which were open on Sunday and those that sold fluor to minors that he

did in bringing up those which rail values a license.

He replied that he did not.

"Does the fact that there is a fee connected with the latter case make any difference?" inquired Mr. Davidson.

"No, sir," replied Mr. Bell. "As far as the fee is concerned it always costs more than the fee amounts to to bring delinquent salon keepers to time."

In answer to a question put by Mr. Spencer, Mr. Bell admitted that he had given salon keepers to understand that if they ostensibly kept their salons closed on Sunday he would not take any inlative steps to prosecute them for violation of the Sunday law.

day he would not take any iniative steps to prosecute them for violation of the Sunday law.

He also said that if he should happen to pass by a saloon on Sunday and see it wide open and men at the bar drinking, that he did not think he would proceed against the propertor, and such a duty devolved upon its police.

When other questions of a similar nature were put to him Mr. Beil refused to answer questions regarding hypothetical cases.

Upon request of Mr. Ziegenheim Mr. Spencer asked Mr. Bell if he thought he could accomplish as good results if he had the same force which was allowed Mr. Ziegenheim during his administration. He replied that he could not possibly collect the public revenue without his present force of detectives.

The committee then adjourned until 2 p. m., when an open meeting was held in Room 51, Turner Building.

SWAMI KANANDA.

Latest Social Fad.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—The Swami Vive-kananda is in town, and he is a social fad. In the Hindu language, "swami" means master, or rabbi.

Swamee Weveccannontha, as it is pronounced, was a delegate to the Parliament of Religions at the World's Fair, sent to represent the religion of the Hindus, He has remained here, doing missionary work, in response to invitations by prominent members of the "higher-thought" movement in this country. They are greatly impressed by his teachings.

members of the "higher-thought" movement in this country. They are greatly impressed by his teachings.

What is he like? An exceedingly handsome, rather stockily-built young man, of 20, or thereabouts, very dark, with the large, black, liquid eyes that the matinee girl raves over as "splendid," who goes about in a long, dark, orange-red coat, with a sash about the waist. Out of doors and in all public places, as at the theater, which he sometimes attends, the Swami's curling, dark hair is surrounded by a wonderfully complicated turban.

Who is he? The son of one of the first families in Bengal, born a Brahmin of the highest caste, and grew up with the name Norendra Nath Dutts. He was educated at the Calcutta University and elsewhere for the law.

highest caste, and grew up with the name Norendra Nath Dutta. He was educated at the Calcutta University and elsewhere for the law.

At 20, his interest in the hely personages among his people led him to listen to Ram Krisna Deb, whom the Hindus worship as an incarnation of God. Vivekananda became one of hig disciples, left his family, and took the vows of chastity and poverty. His master, who departed this life in 1886 ta Brahmin by caste), was an orthodox Hindu, a believer in reincarnation, but an eclectic; an advocate of the doctrines of the Vedas, but accepting all doctrines; worshiping all of the great teachers of the past, an idolator, but a believer in One Infinite Diety. Swami Vivekananda follows him.

The missionary efforts of Swami Vivekananda here are to urge that the fundamental truths of all religions are in harmony. He wishes that our missionaries in India would stop preaching dogmas and creeds. His idea of worship is a transcendental insight. Yesterday he addressed a number of socially prominent people in the drawing-rooms of a Gramercy Park residence. He wishes to raise money here to use in establishing-a training-school for young men and women in his own country who desire to become teachers; but he is not begging, and is making no affort to secure money. Several people, moved by his eloquence, have offered him gifts, but these he refuses, his vows not permitting him to hold or collect money. Subscriptions for the proposed training-school, however, may be forwarded through the Swami direct to India.

The impurity of the religion of India is a topic that moves the Swami to most impressive eloquence. He says:

"Why do you judge our people or religion by the lowest element? You, in America, would not wish to be judged by the ignorant, low people among you. In Southern India, there are worshippers of a negative system of religion; but in Northern India, the are not true Indians, and by whom we feel it imjustice to be measured."

In the Swami's religion, the mother is worshiped as the incarnation of

Broke His Leg.

BAD BUSINESS

panies Are Guilty of It.

Make Little Effort to Give Merchants the Service They Want.

WISDOM OF THE VANDALIA IN CON-SULTING THE PUBLIC NEEDS SHOWN.

The Roads Compel the Public to Travel as the Roads Wish, Not as the Public Wante-Result, Bad Business.

out of the regular order of procedure and is therefore quite remarkable. The wisdom of the action cannot be questioned. The busi-ness menand community at large support the railroads. Without them the railroads would have no reason to exist. Conse-quently it goes without saying that the ser-vice which the business men and the com-munity demand is the service which will

ADVANCED THEIR RATES. Express Companies Increase the Charges for Carrying Money.

Local bankers are not worried much over the increase of the rates of the express companies for transporting money, although in many instances the new rate is consider-ably over the old one. The largest com-panies have increased the rate from 25 to 50 per cent, and some of the rates have been doubled.

panies have increased the rates have been doubled.

The old rate from St. Louis to New York was 90 cents for \$1,000, and the new rate is \$1.35. The rate to Chicago is 40 cents, and this has not been changed, but it is probable that it will be.

In speaking of the causes of the action of the companies, Mr. R. A. Morsman, general agent of the Pacific Express Company, said to a Post-Dispatch reporter:

"The companies came to the conclusion that the old rates were too low with respect to the cost of transportation. The banks charge 90 cents for New York exchange, and they take no risk, as they send the money by draft. We charge now \$1.25, and that certainly is not too much for transporting \$1,000 to New York. Again, the danger from train-robbers has largely increased during the past few years, and the loss is due solely to the money department, for if money was not on the train there would be no robbery. Often we have to spend more money in capturing and punishing the robbers than the original amount stolen, for the laws are such that we can not depend on the Federal or the Interstate Commerce authorities, and have to take the matter into our own hands. The risk is greater now, and, therefore, we must charge more. We have had no complaints from the banks, and they can get their profit by simply raising the rates of exchange."

Poplar Bluff Marshal in Trouble.

Poplar Bluff Marshal in Trouble.
Deputy United States Marshal Quayle brought to the city on a morning train Sam Gardner, Town Marshal of Poplar Bluff, Mo., who is accused of refusing to surrender 39 worth of stamps to the Federal officers. Gardner arrested A. T. Drummond on suppicton of having stolen the stamps. He seized the stamps and notified the Federal officers. When United States Commissioner O'Brien at Poplar Bluff held Drumond for the Federal Grand-jury, he ordered Deputy United States Marshal Quayle to take the stamps. Gardner grabbed them and refused to surrender them. Gardner is to be arraigned before United States District Judge Philips.

On a Visit to Mexico.

Hon, Levi Sprague, President of the Traders' and Mechanics' Insurance Co.; Chas. J. Glidden, President of the Traders' National Bank; Ass C. Russell, General Manager of the Thorndike Manufacturing Co., and Hon. Francis Jewett of Lowell, Mass., with Mrs. Glidden, Miss Fannis Mansur and Mrs. E. P. Johnson of Mexichester, N. H., compose a party at the Southern en route to the City of Mexico.

For Selling Lotte Tickets.

Joseph H. Moore was fised to each in three cases of selling lottery tickets by large Murphy. Abraham Levy and William Aim is were sentenced to three months such in the Nort House for petit largery.

BELT LINE.

Street Car Lines.

Company to Build the Road Has Been Incorporated.

HARLES GREEN, R. C. KERENS AND THE TWO RUMSEYS IN THE SCHEME.

Plan by Which Transit to Any Part of th Principal Public Places in St. Louis Can Be Secured From Any Point in

The Roads Compel the Public to Travel as the Roads When, Not as the Public Wanta-Result, Rad Susiness.

Plan Before the Vandalla put on its new fast span for New York, whole leave sit. Louis at 15 m., I sent its representatives out to the probability of such a train paying; also as to what they thought would be the best time for it to start, Jas a sentil of the interest to start, Jas a sentil of the interest of the probability of such as greatly of the interest of the probability of such as greatly one of the probability of such as greatly of the interest of the probability of such as greatly one of the probability of such as the such control of the road conditions of but expressed the opinion, at which the train should leave St. Louis, at which the train should leave St. Louis, at which the train should leave St. Louis, at which the train a hould leave St. Louis, at which the train should leave St. Louis, at which the train a hould leave St. Louis, at which the train a hould leave St. Louis, at the late of the proposed bell line is to tap the street and make connection with the New York, and the late of the proposed bell line is to tap the street and make connection with the New York, burn, and see that hour was decided upon the proposed bell made to the proposed bell line in the proposed bell with the proposed bell in the proposed bell in the proposed bell in the late of the late of the late of the proposed bell in the late of becoming suspicious she sent her niece to the dispensary to inquire for "Dr." Phillips. The latter had told her he could be found at the dispensary any time, but her niece learned that he was not known at that institution. After returning home, the niece saw Phillips walking along the street and she caused a polloceman to arrest him. Phillips was locked up at the Four Courts and a warrant was issued against him for obtaining \$1.50 from Mrs. Hurt under false pretenses. He admitted that he was not a licensed physician, but claimed to have been associated for twenty years at Olney, Ill., with his uncle, who he said was Dr. Jeremiah Phillips. Mrs. Hurt is now under the care of Dr. August Schwarze of 731 South Broadway, and is recovering.

NEW CONVENT.

Sisters of Notre Dame Will Build Near

The order of the Sisters of Notre Dame, a Roman Catholic religious body, has decided to establish a community near this city on March 20. Rev. Fr. Abbelen, spiritual director of the order, purchased twenty acres a mile and a half south of Carondelet on the bank of the Mississippi several menths ago, and this will be the home of the community. He paid \$21,000 for the property, the owner being George Jackson, who committed suicide recently.

There is a house on the premises, which will be occupied temporarily by the Sisters. Plans for a convent are being prepared by architects in Milwaukes, where the motherhouse of the order is. Before Fr. Abbelen bought the property below Carondelet he negotiated for a tract in the southwestern part of the city, but did not complete the deal because the title was defective.

REPEATER WOLF.

Warrant for Fraudulent Voting May Be Sworn Out Against Him.

August C. Wolf, who testified before Commissioner Crane in the Walt-Atkinson contest case that he voted five times on election day, may be called upon to defend himself in court against charges of frauduent voting, although at the present time he perhaps feels safe in his course. A Post-Dispatch reporter called at the office of Circuit Attorney Zachrits to accertain what action would be taken in Wolf's case. Mr. Zachritz is out of town. Assistant Circuit Attorney Bishop said that it was not decided yet what would be done. Mr. Bishop said that he though, but was not sure, that Wolf had made an arrangement with the attorneys for the Citizens Bafety Committee whereby he was to turn blate's cytidence. That was not binding on the Circuit Attorney, however, Mr. Bishop said, Wolf, the Assistant Circuit Attorney said, had yone back on them is the Criminal Court, and contradicted himself, and the Circuit Attorney's office is not inclined to show him much favor. The Grand-Jury, Mr. Bishop said, would not take up any more election. yould not take up any more election intil Mr. Zachritz returns to the city, it is at Lebadon, Mo, where he went and to a case which is pending there expected back in a day or two. The jury is not in section, but will be on my. Assistant Prosecuting Atterney was saided if he would imme.

Most St. Louis Railroad Com- Project to Connect All the There Is Plenty to Move the Wheels of Government.

> The Revenues Will Exceed Expenditures by \$22,003,032.

SECRETARY CARLISLE'S ESTIMATE FOR YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1895.

the Condition of the Treasury-Its Forebodings-No Action Taken.

PLATE GLASS COMBINE.

the Important Factories Under One Management.

One Management.

According to a dispatch from Washington, D. C., the plate glass manufacturers of the country have at last succeeded in effecting the combination which has been contemplated for a year or more. Mr. E. A. Hitchcock, President of the Crystal Plate Glass Company of this city, who is now in Washington as the authority for this statement. A meeting of glass manufacturers was held in Philadelphia last week which Mr. Hitchcock attended, and it resulted in the adoption of a plan whereby the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company shall purchase the properties of the Crystal Plate Glass Company, whose works are at Crystal City, Me., the Diamond Plate Glass Company at Kokomo and Elwood: Ind., the Howard Plate Glass Company of Duqueene, Pa., and the Charleroi Plate Glass Company at Charleroi, Pa.

The capital stock of the Pittsburg Comp.

STOLEN WIRE.

Warrnts Sworn Out for John Williams and Meyer Robinson.

and Meyer Robinson.

John Williams and Meyer Robinson, the latter proprietor of a junkshop at 1517 and 1519 North Eighth street, have been under arreat at the Fifth District station, the former charged with grand larceny and the latter with receiving stolen property. On Saturday night last Ben Harrigan, foreman of the Bell Telephone Co.'s line gang, was standing in a dark corner on Grand and Laciede avenues, watching a shed on the opposite corner from which 2,300 pounds of copper wire had been stolen. He saw a man go into the shed and come out with a 300-pound roll of wire on his shoulder. He captured the fellow and brought him to the Fifth District Station. Afterward Detectives Gocking and Harrington located, it is alleged, the balance of the missing wire in Meyer Robinson's junk-shop, and placed the proprietor under arrest. Warrants have been issued charging Williams with grand larceny in stealing 375 worth of wire, and Robinson with receiving the same, knowing it to be stolen property.

STRIKERS FIGHT.

Two Men.

Two Men.

Thomas H. Matthews, who lives at 3722 North Rieventh street, and who is employed at the Rieventh street, and who is employed at the Rieventh street, and willis, called at the Four Courts about 10:30 a. m. and caused a warrant to be issued charging Andrew Doyle, who lives at 22 North Ninth street, and Terrence Finnerty with assault and battery. The trouble botween them is said to be the result of Matthews going to work at the Niedringhaus mills in the place of so the strikers. Doyle and Finnerty are said to be due strikers. Doyle and Finnerty are said to be due to the said to be strikers. Doyle and Finnerty are said that on suppliors of the mills. Matthews claims that on suppliers and Broadway and Broa

The Council committee on public improvements will meet on Tuesday to consider the proposed plans for widening McPherson avenue from King's highway to Union boulevard.

Water Commissioner Holman has appointed George Ritter as Supply Inspector.

Must Leave Town To-Night. Brophy Marshal, an ex-convict, arrested on sus-icion, and who afterward admitted that he end a infederate had planned to commit a theft at a one on Broadway and Lafayette avenue, was resigned before Judge Morris, charged with the girth clause, and was fined \$500. The execution ras stayed on condition that the defendant would have the city before 9 p. m.

CASH ON HAND TOUCHED AT AZORES

The Yacht Mohican Was Seen on Jan. 13.

THE PROPOSED BRIDGE.

Missouri's Delegation Divided on th

ter until he had talked with people in Louis. If the bill is called up it will be Senator Palmer.

WAS HE MURDERED?

trange Story of an Illinois Man Who Sailed Away on a Sloop.

Sailed Away on a Sloop.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 4.—A private letter to Alderman D. A. Blakeslee from his brother, Clarence, who is at their winter home in Rockledge, Fla., gives particulars of the supposed murder of Wm. Norton of Illinois, who left Providence, R. L. last November for the South. Norton was in Providence to coach the Brown University football team. About a month ago he hired a sloop at Titusville, Fla., and sailed down Indian River as far as Sebastian. On the return trip the sloop put in at Rockledge, on Friday, Jan. 18, and Mrs. C. W. Blakeslees, mother of the writer, saw two men on board. The sloop lay to for several days with no signs of life on board, and this caused Clarence Blakeslee, on Monday, Jan. 28, to investigate. He found in the cabin the putrid body of a man, blackened and the head swollen terribily. No trace of the other man was found. A midnight inquest was held on the river bank, the Sheriff having to cut away the cabin in order to take out the body, which had swollen too large for passage through the door. Foul play is suspected, but no definite proof of it has been obtained. The body is believed to be that of Norton.

NOT A CANDIDATE.

Gov. McKinley Says He's Not an Aspir

CINCINNATI, Feb. 4.—The Cincinnati Tribune (Republican) publishes the following in its editorial columns this morning: "To put an end to the harmony-destroying discussion about the candidacy of Gov. McKinley for the Senate, we will state that he said to the editor of the Tribune within a few days: The talk about my being a candidate at this time for the United States Senate is unwarranted, and, so far as I am concerned, meaningless. I am not a candidate for the Senate, and if I were I would not conceal the fact."

ialiane.

Motions by new trials in the following cases were distinct the first trial of the following cases were distinct.

James Wittinson against the Metropolitan Life trial of the first trial of trial of the first trial

T'S neither wealth, nor rank, nor state, But it's git up and git that makes men great.

You would have thought so if you had Seen the crowds this morning at

After those

Pure Linen Collars at 5 cents Pure Linen Cuffs at 10 cents \$1.00 Unlaundried Shirts at 54 cents and Hosiery at Half Price.

Weather 4° below zero and store crowded at 8 o'clock a. m.

THAT'S BUSINESS!!

And it don't depend on the weather, nor on the crops, nor on the financial question, nor on anything else but the everlasting

"GET THERE, ELI" style of this irrepressible firm.

Plenty more of the same Bargains may be had on

B. Nugent & Bro., Broadway, Washington Av. and St. Charles St.

CHARGES INFIDELITY.

David C. Neilson Files His Answer and Cross-Bill.

for alimony saying that her husband makes \$40 a week as manager of a large mercan-tile establishment. DEFERS THE DECISION.

Judge Gaynor Does Not Pass Upon the

Peremptory Writ. BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Judge Gaynor this morning has given out word to the newspapers that he will not render any decision to-day on the application for an order to show cause why a peremptory writ of mandamus should not issue to compel the Atlantic Avenue Railroad Company to operate its line of cars. This is the writ which was applied for by James O'Connell on last Friday.

Medical Dictionary and Adviser. Dr. Whittier of St. Louis has published a Medical Dictionary and Adviser, which will be sent to any reader of the Post-Dispatch free on receipt of 4 cents in postage to pay for mailing. The purpose of this dictionary is to define clearly to anyone the medical is to define clearly to anyone the medical terms used in the Adviser which accompanies the dictionary, and also the medical terms found in daily newspapers, books, etc. The Medical Adviser which goes with the Dictionary contains faithful and life-like descriptions of disease in life as it is found to-day. The Adviser also contains an article on "Emergencies," which is extremely valuable in the household, and should be handy in every home, office and workshop, Remember that all readers of the Post-Dispatch can secure the Medical Dictionary and Adviser by remitting 4 cents in postage to Dr. Whittier, 516 Washington avanue, St. Louis, Mo.

THE WRONG NUMBER.—The mana of the Central Home of Rest No. 5, No. leves, states that no small pox susp was taken from there saturday as published in the Sunday papers.

LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION

SCALES. SAFES. TRUCKS.

Standard Scale and Fixtures Co. MILLS, Etc. | 821 N. THIRD. ST. LOUIS

CARRIED OFF THE TOWEL. ete Mullery Takes a Wash and Ge

Leona Morris, 24 months, street; congestion of lungs.

Mary Rose St. Clair, 1 months, 1255 North
Tenth street; bronchitis.

Thomas Brown, 22 years, 1832 North Jefferson avenue; consumption.
Geo. Brown, 39 years, City Hospital; general consumption. Magdalepa Trabusee, 55 years, 2780 Clark Magdalena Trabuses, 55 years, 2780 Clark ayenue; pneumonis.
Jane Roche, 89 years, 2920 Sheridan avenue; old age.
Arthur Hacker, 7 months, 2516 De Kaib street; bronchial pneumonia.
Maria Temme, 57 years, Insane Asylum; softening of brain.
Albina Laciny, 3 days, 203 South Tenth street; lock-jaw.
Harry D. Collins, 22 years, 2411 Forest avenue; heart disease.

DEATHS.

BOYLE—John Boyle, at his residence, 572; beriain av., at 11 o'clock this forences. Due notice of the funeral will be given

BURKE-On Sunday, Feb. 3, Joseph M. Burke, son of the late Patrick Burke, aged 26 years.
Funeral from late residence, 1019 North Eleventh atreet, so Tuesday, Feb. 5, at 2 o'clack p. m., to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Priends of the family invited to attend.

FERRIS-On the 3d inst., at 7 p. m., Edward Ferris, the beloved father of John, Pall and Dennis Ferris, and also brother of Patrick Ferris.

The funeral will take place from the read-dence of his son, John Ferris, No. 2425 Loffin street, on Wednesday, the 6th inst., at 9 a. M., to 8t. Therea's Church, thence to Calvary Cemestery, Friends of the family invited to attend.

Deceased was a member of Robert Emmett Lodge, A. O. U. W.

HIMMELPTENNIQ—Feb. 2 at 11 o'clock s. in... Carl. tellored husband of Margaretta Schimbel-pfennig (noe Gutweller), need 27 years and 11 months, after linguring lineau. Francial from family redicates, 4005 Section Market o'crost, Tuesday meeting 44 2:35. he redy clies.

CONTRACTOR OF

THE OLD STORY

Railways Have Nothing to Fear at Jefferson City.

Taxes Will Not Be Increased Nor Pares Reduced.

AND THE PELLOW-SERVANT BILL IS DOOMED TO PAILURE.

n Seventy-Day Passes — Filley's cheme of Redemption a Delusion-rotected Interests.

Protected Interests.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 4.—The Filley scheme of redemption is a failure as far as railroad interests are concerned. Railroad taxes will not be increased, railroad fares not reduced, train service will be regulated by general and not local interest, and no fellow servant bill will get through. These statements represent the consensus of opinion of the oldest members and ex-members who have been watching the maneuvers of the corporation lackeys during the first thirty days of the session. It might be safely predicted, too, that the telegraph interests will have co-incidental protection; although just how the telephone and some other corporation concerns to be hereafter referred to expect to protect themselves is not exactly clear. But there have been enough outcroppings of disposition to save the railroads any annoyance to prove that these people have the history-makers of the Thirty-eighth Assembly well under control. One such symptom was the reference of the Baskett fellow-servant bill in the Senate to the Committee on Railroad; another the saddling of a neutralizing amendment upon a bill in the House requiring all failroad trains to stop at all county seats; and another, the significant opposition in the House to Dr. Tubbs' motion to print his railroad fare reduction bill after the same had been adversely reported. The Railroad Committee of the Senate has all along been looked upon as entirely favorable to the railroad interest; and now the statement is boldly made here that the Senate Committee on Labor, Mines and Manufactures has but one anti-railroad member—Dr. Baskett of Moberly. The latter committee is the one to which Senator Busche's fellow-servant bill referred to his committee is the one to which Senator Busche's fellow-servant bill referred to his committee in his effort to get the Busche fellow-servant bill referred to his committee of the Baskett bill also to that committee, and got it so referred, was moved by pluge. Now it is asserted that the bill is just as safe (from th

that committee as with the Railroad Committee itself.

Members of the House who remain here all the time because of disinclination to incur the expense of going home estimate that two-thirds of the members of the majority are provided with seventy-day passes; and certainly the railroad interests have been so well protected—in the face of all campaign declarations—that the estimate seems to be within the limit of probability. It is a significant fact that the railroad lobbyists invariably leave Jefferson City on Thursday, night; and when your correspondent, innocently inquired the reason, he was told by a member who has been here for twenty years that they go because they desire to escape the Friday importunities for transportation of those who are not in position to do the railroads any particular harm. Some of these people are members, some employes, and others mere hangers-on; but most of them occupy positions in which they can do the railroad people small favors—not, however, of a character to justify putting them upon the free list. For, it should be understood, the railroad corporations are in a position now where they can afford to discriminate in the distribution of should be understood, the railroad corporations are in a position now where they can
afford to discriminate in the distribution of
their diplomatic favors, and they are not
throwing away any courtesles. It therefore seems probable that Missouri's redemption will be a thing of metes and bounds;
that while a great parade will be made of
the reduction of criminal costs, of the closer
scrutiny of public school support, of election
and registration reforms, of reduced appropriations for public institutions, of clospropriations for public institutions, of closer supervision of the great financial institutions that have their homes in, and that derive the greater bulk of their support directly from the large cities—while all this sort of reform will unquestionably have plain saming, corrective legislation of less impersonal character will be best with almost insuperable difficulties at every stage. There are two big interests that as yet have not put out defensive lines, and there is much speculation as to what they intend to do. They are the telephone and brewery interests. It is given out here that neither have as yet made any arrangements for propropriations for pu

to do. They are the telephone and brewery interests. It is given out here that neither have as yet made any arrangements for protection, although both are the subjects of restrictive measures. The telephone people secured one postponement of a hearing on rental reduction, but when the next meeting came on they put up no defense, although their recognized agents were on the ground; and it is now understood that they will rely on throttling injurious legislation in the smaller field of the Senate. The brewery people have as yet but little to fear, as the measure of greatest moment to them—that providing for inspection of beerhas not yet even gotten out of committee, and has very uninfluential backing in the lobby. Besides, the brewery interest is quite well understood to lean toward the Republican party, and the Republican leaders are not celebrated for their indiscreet disposition toward the killing of the goose that lays the golden eggs. One other unprotected interest might be referred to—the "bull butter" concerns; but the experience of the past has been that they make their entire campaign in committee, which may explain their non-appearance in the open to combat the bucolic interests, which are rampant for relief from this competition.

The uniform disfavor with which all

may explain their non-appearance in the open to combat the bucolic interests, which are rampant for relief from this competition.

The uniform disfavor with which all efforts to secure more normal schools has been met has aroused the ire of the Northwest Missouri members, and it is now given out that they will enter upon a campaign of retaliation. They want one, if not two, such institutions, and the sentiment of the other members is that the academies and colleges are turning out teachers quite rapidly enough to meet all demands. But this representation does not meet the approval of the people of that section, who have never had any of this patronage, and now the Representatives of DeKaib, Atchison, Holt, and Andrew Counties are vowing that unless they get what they want they will fight every other State educational appropriation that comes up. Their argument is that the State University wishes to starve out all other educational institutions in order that it may profit by their patronage and their ald from the State, and they will not lack for champions to present this view upon the floor.

The few goosips who remained about the Capitol over Sunday derived a good bit of diversion from the conduct of Senators Bledsoe and Amelung in connection with the executive session of last Wednesday, Bledsoe, though the hero of two wars, and unquestionably one of the most intreplicationably one of the most intendent of the conductionably one of the most intendent of the pre

hemselves. So, each making up his mind eparately without consultation with the ther, wonded their respective ways to the apitot, and as Senator Bledsoe entered the tenste Chamber by the public door Senator timelung came through the private way sack of the President's desk, and without axchanging greetings each took his usual lace. The caucus leaders on both sides who knew of the arrangement, and who were not altogether satisfied with it, exchanged smiles, but did not venture any half, preferring to have a full house at he outstart to running any risk of having late comer rung in upon them. They were mutually satisfied to have their respective Senators thus suspicious.

LET THE THIEVES ESCAPE.

Two Bright Policemen Arrest a Man Who Had Been Robbed by Footpads.

At 2 a. m. Officers Madden and White of the Central Precinct were standing on Seventh and Clark avenue when a young man, bareheaded and without any clothing except trousers and shirt, came running south on Seventh street, howing like a madman. He passed the two officers, and they at once began to chase him. When Officer White called out to him to halt the fugitive threw himself flat on his stomach on the sidewalk. He was taken to the Four Courts, where he gave the name of Peter Orgich. When arraigned before Judge Morris Orgich said he was on the way to his home, 310 Julia street, and when passing Market street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, a gang of robbers selsed him, pulled him into an alley, and after divesting him of his hait, overcoat, coat and vest, started him off on a run, threatening to shoot him if he even looked back. He didn't stop running until the policemen got after him, and he had an idea they were the original assailants. He was discharged.

A Freezing, Starving Man Fires Off a Be-volver so as to Get Locked Up.

volver so as to Get Locked Up.

About 11 o'clock Sunday night, while the streets were pretty well filled with pedestrians, a young man, clad in a heavy overcoat, stood at the corner of Beaumont street and Laclede avenue and fired off a revolver. In a moment the people dropped out of sight, falling into hallways and other convenient places of refuge. Detective Walsh was in the neighborhood and he ran up and arrested the shooter, who made no effort to escape. At the Fifth District Station the prisoner gave the name of Fred Heinrich, and said he had fired the shot to attract the attention of an officer. He wanted to be arrested, so that he would be taken in out of the cold and get something to eat. He told Judge Morris he had come to America eleven months ago, and had been in St. Louis trying to get work for three days past, having come here from New York. He is a laborer, and is about 23 years old. He was fined \$25.

Cases of Destitution.

The police report the following cases of destitution: Philip Gazzard, wife and six children, at 921 Geyer avenue; Mrs. Julia Bleser, a widow, 60 years old, at 716 Pestalozzi street; Frank Giesoun, wife and one child, at 2509 South Second street; Mrs. Julia Weiser, a widow, 60 years old, at 3000 South Ninth street; William Wessall, wife and three children, in rear of 1526 Menard street; Hattie Reese, colored, and three children, at 1551 South Third street. Her husband deserted her five months ago, it is alleged. John Nester of 904 Geyer avenue donated a bundle of clothing to the poor.

Sicked the Bulldog on Him.

Fred Johnson, 35 years old, called at the City Dispensary Monday morning to have a badly lacerated left hand dressed. He claims that he called at a residence at the corner of Third and Lafayette avenue, in search of something to eat. A woman whom he supposes to be the cook kindly told him to wait a moment and then went round and untied a very substantial bulldog, which at once began to feed on him. Johnson made his escape with difficulty. He was sent to the City Hospital.

The Cook's Lover Carved Him.

William Jones, colored, living at Linden and Thirteenth street, and a waiter in the Bridge restaurant, at the foot of Washington avenue, was admitted to the City Hospital on Sunday, suffering from a severe knife cut on the left side of his face. He claims that an unknown admirer of the cook's criticised him for his style of washing dishes, and when he retorted somewhat sharply, his unknown assailant made an attack upon him with a carving knife.

His Eightleth Birthday.

Giles F. Filley, President of the Excelsior Stove Co., celebrated his 80th birthday Sun-day at his home, 1537 Lucas place. Mr. Filley has been a notable figure in St. Louis history has been a notable figure in St. Louis history for over half a century. He was born in Bloomfield, Conn., in 1815, but moved here when 19 years old. He married Miss Maria M. Farrington in September, 1844. She still lives. Mr. Filley's anniversary was very unostentatious, he being surrounded solely by the members of his own family.

Shot in the Thigh.

Mrs. Wm. Miller of 1801 South Ninth street, who makes trousers, and Mrs. Martin Ehert of 909 Geyer avenue, who has been employed by her, had a quarrel over the amount due Mrs. Ebert. Both of their humands become an account of their burbands become account of the street of the stree

An Unknown Man Killed.

An unknown man was killed at 9 a. m. Sunday by Missouri Pacific engine No. 823 on Peplar street between Ninth and Tenth streets. His head was cut off and his body mangled. He was walking west on Poplar street and crossed the track in front of the engine, not heeding the whistle. He was aparently 35 years old, dressed as a laborer, had light mustache, blond hair and florid complexion. He was seen about the yards earlier in the day. Nothing to identify him was found about the corpse.

Funeral of Moritz Niedner.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Moritz Niedner were held Sunday afternoon at the family residence, 339 South Ninth street, Rev. Otto Hauser officiating. The interment was at the German Evangelical Cemetery. Prof. Sommers of the Garfield School delivered a short address at the grave. Congressman Bartholdt, sonin-law of the deceased, attended the funeral and returned in the evening to Washington.

Robert S. Campbell, who claims to be a traveling salesman for the Red Cross Vinegar Works, was fined \$15 by Judge Morris on two charges, one of carrying a concealed weapon, the other of discharging the same. Campbell was feeling rather jubilant at a late hour Sunday night, and when on Broadway and Washington avenue, he discharged a revolver once Officers Fox and Schleifstein arrested him.

Dute Cabanne, the local crack cyclist, returned home last night from New York, where he has been attending the National Cycle Show. He will remain in St. Louis until May 1, when he leaves for Louisville, and will then begin racing with the Spalding team.

Frank Robinson, alias Thornton, a negro, was arrested on complaint of Daniel Fountain, also colored, of Edwardsville, Ill., who charges him with stealing a silver watch valued at \$10 from him on Sunday, while they were in a saloon on Eleventh and Morgan streets. The watch has not been recovered.

GAVE REBATES.

Railroad Officials on Trial in the Federal Courts.

GREEN GOODS LETTERS.

a Single Week.

Thirty Thousand Received in St. Louis in a Single Week.

The announcement from Springfield, Ill., that a new kind of "green goods" circular is being distributed in that vicinity recalls to many St. Louisans the fact that in the first week of January they received alluring letters from the mysterious swindlers.

Many of these letters were stamped "fraudulent." and a few of them contained a senuine Treasury note as a sample of the merchandise in which the senders traded. The "green goods" letters which are passing through Illinois postoffices have genuine bills inclosed and in this resemble the local letters. The St. Louisans who got the letters did not know that over 3,000 of the circulars were deposited in the mail boxes in the territory east of Jefferson avenue. But such was the case, and the postal clerks were kept at work for two hours over the letters do not know that over the letters closely and saw that the envelopes of a large number of them were white, with blue interior, which prevented even a guess as to what were the contents. After half of the green goods mail had been handled one of the letters was found to be unsealed. It was opened and the character of the correspondence was discovered. All the other letters were then stamped "fraudulent" and the next day the tide of returned "green goods" letters, meither opened nor received by honest citizens, set in. Thus the postoffice force had treble work in handling the letterg stamping them fraudulent and disposing of them when returned. The Springfield, Ill., letters mention two headquarters, IT East One Hundred and Sixth street, New York City, and the United States Hotel. Newberg, N. Y. The St. Louis letters directed would-be victims to send telegrams either to a small Wisconsin town, to a place in New York City or to a small town in Pennsylvania. The swindlers change their headquarters and fictitious addresses every day.

CHALLENGES MOONEY.

Flynn of Chicago Will Back Spider Kelly Against Him. James Flynn of Chicago is anxious to back Charles Johnson of Alton, Ill., known as "Spider Kelly," against Mike Mooney of this city. Mr. Flynn's challenge is as follows:

as "Spider Keity," against Mike Mooney of this city. Mr. Flynn's challenge is as follows:

CHICAGO, ILL., Feb. 3, '95.

Sporting Editor Post-Dispatch, St. Louis:

I would like to arrange a finish match with Charles Johnson, better known in the ring as Spider Kelly of Alton, Ill., now champion of Illinois, and also of North and South Dakota—that is, as a 125-pound fighter. Spider can get backing for a match with Mike Mooney of your city. After Spider's fight with McCoy last summer near Pine Bluff, Ark., Mooney went to Alton looking for the Spider's soalp. Now, if that professor wants a match very bad he can have one by answering this in your paper. Mooney has done a great deal of paper fighting. Now, if he wants a finish fight at 130 pounds the Spider will take him on. I am going to write to the Spider this week. I know he will not object to a match. If Mooney does not want a go at our man, tell him to keep his mouth shut about him. If we cannot arrange a match with Mooney we will take on Billy Poole of Memphis, who claims to be the 125-pound champion of Tennessee. I will try and be in St. Louis with Spider to make a match with some 125-pound man. Kelly has never been defeated in twelve battles.

DEATH OF DANIEL SHELEY.

DEATH OF DANIEL SHELBY.

He Was a Friend of Mr. Cleveland's and

Well Known in Theatrical Circles. Well Known in Theatrical Circles.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 4.—Daniel
Shelby, Manager of the Music Hall in this
city, died suddenly of heart disease this
morning, aged 57 years. He was well known
in the theatrical profession, having managed houses in New York, Buffalo and
Chicago. During his residence in Buffalo
he was an intimate friend of Grover Cleveland. A wife and son survive him. Mrs.
Shelby, his wife, is now singing with an
opera company. Shelby's home was in New
York City.

Fleeing Arizona Bandits Are Headed for

the Tonto Basin Country. TUCSON, A. T., Feb. 4.—News has been received from the posses in pursuit of the daring bandits who held up the west-bound overland last Wednesday near Wilcox. It is positively known, however, that they crossed the line into Mexico. When last heard from they were headed for the Tonto Basin country. If they ever reach that section of the territory the chances for their capture are small.

HER DEBT HAS GROWN.

A Government Claim Against Arkaneas Involving About \$2,800,000.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark, Feb. 4.—George C. Ross and B. I. Doylae, leading attorneys of Washington, D. C., are here looking after Government interests. It appears that the first-named is representing the Secretary of the Interior and the other the Secretary of the Treasury in the case of the United States Government against the State of Arkaneas to recover a loan, or, rather, settle a claim, involving \$2,00,00. In 1838 the United States Government lent the State of Arkaneas \$50,000. with the understanding that the bonds issued to secure the loan to the State were themselves to be secured by 122,000 acres of land, to be selected in any part of the State, and these agents of the Government are here looking up these lands and getting estimates on the value of them.

ONLY THE TOP OF THE HEAD. Slight Means of Identifying a Wom

Killed by the Cars. LEXINGTON. Ky., Feb. 4.—The early express on the Cheasapeake & Ohio Railroad ran over and killed an unknown woman here this morning. The top of the head with a full set of long black hair is all that is left by which she may be recognized.

TO NIGHT

MUSIC HALL, Exposition Building



The Deaf, Blind and Lame

TREATED FREE Upon the Public Stage in the Large Music Hall, Exposition Building, Three Nights Only, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 4, 5 and 6.

MAGNETIC HEALER WHO CURES THE

Deaf, Blind, Sick, Lame and Paralytic by the

LAYING ON OF HANDS.

Will publicly demonstrate his God-given and heal the sick as above without Admission Free.

Seats Free. Treatment on the Free PROF. W. FLETCHER HALL

"THE POWER OF VITAL MAGNETISM."

ARISE AND WALK.

All those who are on crutches, rheumatic, palied, paralytic, deaf or blind (for years) and wish
o be cured are invited, and as great a number as
onsible will be treated PREE upon the stage.
He not only treats the blind, lame and crippled
this private office. No. 1210 Olive st., but all
iseases quickly yield to his strange power. Car
arrh, laciptent consumption, chronic broachitis,
bronic diarrhes, neuralgia, nervous prestration,
labeles, Bright as lesses, epilepsy or fits, tumors,
laceased bone, hip disease, dearness, heart disease,
lessased bone, hip disease, dearness, heart disease,
laceased bone, hip disease, dearness, and
laceder decarder benerrholds or piles, chronic
heumatism, obstitute constipation, disorders of
romen, caract of eyes, centers, relatica, paralyis, fastula, liver compinint, kidney troubles, acrofte, gravel, throat disorders, impotency, and, in
ect, all chronic diseases quickly yield to animal
agpetism in the hands of this phenomenal phylogan.

ician. Dr. Franklin Stuart Temple, the Boy Phenomon, has located permanently in St. Louis, Mo.,

At 1210 Olive St.

Office hours: 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily, except LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION.

STRIKERS SHOOT.

They Try to Kill the Manager of the Buck eye Company.

MARTIN'S FERRY, O., Feb. 4.—As Alexander Humphrey, manager of the Euckeye Glass Company, was starting the works this morning, three shots were fired at him by a crowd of union men who had followed him. None of the shots took effect, and the men escaped. There is a strike on at the works.

men escaped. There is a sum of the works.

Manager Humphreys and nine employes were arrested to-day, charged by an officer of the Glass-Workers' Union with unlawfully assembling, with Winchesters, and preventing citizens from speaking win non-union men who arrived on the train to go to work in the mill. All furnished ball.

An Ambulance Driver With a Broken Leg Died at the City Hospital.

Philip Detter, 55 years old, and one of the oldest ambulance drivers in the city, died at the City Hospital this merning from pneumonia. He lives at 1424 Franklin avenue. Several weeks ago he was thrown from the driver's seat of a new ambulance during a runaway, at Fourteenth and Gratiot streets, and received a fractured leg. He is supposed to have contracted pneumonia while lying in bed sifighting from the taking.

Deter has been an ambulance driver for more from twenty my years, but in spite of the first that he was constantly but the fact that he was constantly and the fact that he was constantly but the fact that he was a general favorite in the department.



alo, N. Y.

Mill Dy Carle

The Wm. Barr Dry Goods Company Requests the pleasure of your attendance at a

Special Exhibit of the Novelties for '95 in High-Class Wash Fabrics,

White Goods and Embroideries, Tuesday and Wednesday, February 5th and 6th, 1895.

New Wash Fabrics include French Organdies, Cevlon Mulls, Irish Dimities, St. Gall Swiss or "Plumetis," French Galatea, Scotch Zephyrs, Rep Madras, Inverness Suitings, Swivel Silks and every other destrable fine cotton fabric of foreign or domestic manufacture. Many of the designs are confined exclusively to Barr's.

The above is a copy of the invitation sent to our customers for the Exhibit To-Morrow (Tuesday). Although the weather is hardly suggestive of springtime, we assure our patrons that the Exhibit will be worthy a special visit to the blg store of



STOCKHOLDERS' Meeting—Office of the Kansas City, St. Louis & Chicago Railroad Co., St. Louis, Jan. 29, 1855.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Kansas City, St. Louis & Chicago Railroad Co. will be held at the office of the company, No. 511 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, March 12, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the election of nine Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before them.

JOHN J. MITOHELL, President.

H. W. PHELPS, Secretary.

2145

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1895, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Heman Construction Co. is plaintiff and Elizabeth Bergin and Baniel C. Bergin are defendants, I have levied upon

Co. is plaintiff and Elizabeth Bergin and Daniel C. Bergin are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of special tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 40, city block 5985, having a front of 25 feet by a depth of 132 feet and bounded north by Shea, east by Kansteiner, south by Hunt avenue, and west by Madison, and I will, on THURSDAY. THE 25TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1805.

St. Louis, Mo., February 2, 1895.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is bereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Henry Schaab, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executrix of asid estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of §f. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

Executrix of Henry Schaab's Estate.

RICHARD F. KOSTER, Notary, Third and Market size.

et sts. St. Louis, Jan. 28, 1895. NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Daniel T. Prather, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to holden at the Court-house in said city, on the dirst Monday of March next.

THOMAS M. KNAPP, Administrator of the Estate of Daniel T. Prather.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 26, 1895.

Administrator of the Estate of Daniel T. Prather.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 26, 1895.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of George F. A. Dreste, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executrix of, said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

Executrix of George F. A. Dreste, Deceased.

H. J. KREMBS, Agent for Executrix.

St. Louis, Jan. 28, 1895.

Z723

ADMINISTRATOR'S Notice of Final Settlement—No. of estate, 19,361. In re estate of Thomas Smith, deceased, Notice is hereby given to all creditors, and others interested in the estate of Thomas Smith, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Jan. 28, 1895.

MARTROM D. LEWIS, Administrator, Office, 615 Chestinut sireet, second Soc. St. Louis, January 14, 1895.

MOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Francis Saler, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, instead to make a final settlement thereof at the nudersigned, executor of received in the estate of Frederick Stemmler, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor contribuse in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

JOSEPH SALER,

Executor of Francis Saler, Deceased.

H. J. KREMBS, Agent for Executor.

St. Louis, Jan. 28, 1895.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Frederick Stemmler, deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator, in charge of red the next term to the holden at the Court of the City of St. Louis, the holden at the Court of the City of St. Louis, the holden at the Court of the City of St. Louis, the holden at the Court of the City of St. Louis, the holden at the Court of th

Frederick Stemmure,
St. Louis, Jan. 30, 1896.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Bernard Breer, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Frobate Court of the Olly of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of McGolding BREER.

Fixewick of Bernard Breer, Deceased.

EXECUTRIX' SALE OF REAL ESTATE—Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of sale made and entered by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis at its December term, 1894, the undersigned executrix of the last will and testament of Charles H. Tacke, deceased, will, on MONDAY. THE 25TH DAY OF FEBRUARY. A. D., 1895, hetween the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, and during the session of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Mismouri, sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate lying and being situate in the City of St. Louis and State of Mismouri, towit:

A because of ground beginning at the intersection of the santh line of Mismi sireet with the cast me of Mismouri arenue, running thence eastwardly interest of the court these

LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION.

LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION

BY MAIL.

Sunday-Per Annum

POST-DISPATCH, TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

The great Republic borrowing from

The new \$100,000,000 will presently b going in; and then it will be going out.

Protus Cleveland is somewhat unpop ular, but he is a popular idol compared with his man Olney. Did Bourke Cockran tay to shield Ton

Reed, or was it Tom Reed who wanted to protect Bourke Cockran? It would be wrong to annex Newfound

land without a full consultation with the New England codfish interest. After Gorman's work in the Senate i is hard to see how he could have expected

to see that body rise to any emergency. If Robert Louis Stevenson were alivhe would be barred from Missouri after

the adoption of the anti-cigarette law. The Fifty-third Congress may almo be forgiven for its shortcomings when it is known that it has not sold out to

Collis Huntington. If in sixteen battles the Japanese have lost only 430 killed they will be a good deal surprised when they tackle a nation skilled in modern warfare

The troops in Mexico are "getting into excellent fighting trim." That is to say they are nearly ready to shoot or be shot down. "What fools these mortals

England's oldest colony is neglected because 4t brings her no profit. The 200, 000 people of Newfoundland are an exedingly small speck in the British Far

actual, and not merely a nominal, minority in the Senate. Let the Pops and the Reps get together at once and save the

Collis Huntington's prodigious lobby had 108 votes. It is shameful that such a number of members of any American Congress can be found supporting so much iniquity.

If the Standard Oil crowd and the Rothschilds both want our bonds, the fact ought to cut some figure in the sale.

extremely favorable. One cannot too much admire the wisdom of flery statesmen in getting up rows and bandying epithets where there is a Sergeant-at-Arms handy and the rules require apologies.

Where was Tom Reed when the fight against the knavery and corruption of the Pacific road plunderers came to a finish? And would Brer McKinley have fled too if he had been a member of the House?

The salaries of the Cabinet officers at not sufficient, becase they "go in for so clety." The unhappiness of the Cabinet officer and of the Ambassador ought perhaps to move this nation to tears, but

In Indiana, men have been voted in blocks of five. Our young Wolf, who voted five times last fall, is fully equal to an Indiana block. With a little more experience he may answer for two or three blocks.

A discreet silence on important meas ures and a masterly skip-out when they come to a vote can hardly be expected to make Mr. Reed a presidential nominee, yet Thomas Brackett is much admired by his party.

Olney denounced Maxwell as a falsifier and an impertinent scoundrel. Then the President proceeded to write his warm appreciation of Mr. Maxwell's services and to testify that they had given entire satisfaction. Richard or Grover must be away off as to Maxwell.

There seems to be no sympathy whatever among Republican Senators for that unfortunate colored lady, Queen Lilloukalani. In fact there are Republican leaders who always appear opposed to the holding of offices by colored persons even in our own country.

The man arrested in a St. Louis the ater because he wore his hat has been cruelly treated. If the courts or the r managers can explain why a man should not wear his hat at pla ent as well as a woman, let them rise at once and give us light.

The folly and incompetence of the Chisadors to Tokio to negotiate term peace without giving these officials power whatever to act. The ambasof course, started back to China thout having accomplished anything cept to give an exhibition of silly

sulted in the reduction of the tele rate of the old telephone monop m \$48 to \$18. This not only show w cheaply a telephone service can be applied, but how useful competition is to bring down rates to a reasonable basis

haritable work is contained in the Forum" letter calling attention to the destitution among the poor negroes of this city. The statement of the suffering of the negro school children is made on good authority and presents a pathetic picture. Many of these poor children are unable to go to school for lack of clothing and are doubtless suffering for food.

There is a good field for helpful work

The net circulation of the Sunday Post Dispatch yesterday was 71,701, excluding all papers spoiled in printing, all sample copies, left over, unaccounted for o

Its net circulation on the same basi on the first Sunday in February, 1894,

This signifies that in a bad busine year, and without any change in the price, there was a gain of 20,919, or over 40 per cent, in the circulation of the Sun day Post-Dispatch.

And this increase is as gratifying quality as in quantity. The best test of the quality of a newspaper's circulation found in its regular carrier lists, show ing the extent to which it is constantly welcomed in the settled homes of the city in each of which it has a whole family of readers.

The circulation of the Sunday Post-

Dispatch by carrier is not only larger than that of any other Sunday paper West of the Mississippi, but larger than the circulation by carrier of any two Sunday papers in St. Louis.

CLUB SALOONS.

The Swanger investigating committee can find a suggestion for reform legislation concerning saloon licenses in some twenty-five or thirty saloons now being run without licenses under club charters

The Supreme Court decided in the St Louis Club case that under the present law clubs are exempt from the payment of State and city dramshop licenses. This decision opened the way for the running of saloons under club charters, and the result is that men who could not get licenses from the Excise Commissione are enabled to evade the law and avoid license payments. There can be no dis tinction between the poor man's club and the rich man's club, and when the form of the law are complied with the lowes dens may thus enjoy special privileges In fact, it is only the lower class of sa loons, the proprietors of which have difficulty in getting licenses, that resor

The only way to check this abuse is to compel all clubs to take out dramshop icenses for their bars. A law to thi effect world not only stop the club saloon evil, but it would be just. The club bars of the wealthy should be placed on the same level as the bars of hotels and the beer shops of the poor.

A SPANKING POST NEXT.

After reading the latest form of the anti-cigarette law the Missourian who has fed on something stronger than his mother's milk can only rub his eyes and wonder "where he is at," and whither

This astounding legislative product o maternal politics forbids the manufact ure or sale of cigarettes or cigarette papers in the State; forbids the smoking places by adults; forbids the purchase or use of tobacco by minors. Violation of the law is an offense punishable by fine or imprisonment.

bad habit in minors. It is injurious to the young and should be checked if possible. But so should a great many other habits to which the youth are liable But if the State attempts to check by law it assumes the place of parents or guardians and attempts a practical impossibility. Immoderate indulgence in cigarettes is hurtful to adults, but so is immoderation in cigars, pipes, candy, food and ice water. Why not have a law forbidding the manufacture and sale of

candy for the protection of young girls? When the State goes into the regula tion of personal conduct and attempts to use the police power to preserve either young or old from bad habits and unwholesome indulgences it assumes an endless task and brings legislation into

dicule and contempt. It is one thing to make sumptuary law and another thing to get juries to enforce hem. A charge of smoking cigarettes against a man or boy would be laughed out of court. The logical consequence of such kindergarten legislation is the spanking post. When the Legislature creates a new crime it should devise punishment to fit it.

Breckinridge struck Heard because he hought Heard called him a liar. Hitting a man for this offense is a matter of custom. The man who is really a liar has no just cause for resentment, and it seems as if the man who is not a liar ought to be supremely indifferent to the charge, especially as in most cases it is made in udden heat and sometimes by a man who is himself a liar. Statesmen ought really not to call one another liars, whatever their real opinion is, and they ought not to set the bad example of thumping in full view, as it were, of the nation.

The Chicago drainage board has issued \$12,000,000 in bonds for the dangerous stench canal it is digging, and under the constitutional limit can issue only \$3,000, 000 more. The ditch when completed will cost \$23,000,000, of which \$15,000,000 will be raised by the sale of bonds, leaving \$8,000,000 to be raised by direct taxation This criminal work ought to be stopped at once. Chicago has no more right to poison rivers with sewer filth than with any other deadly quantity.

"Impertinent scoundrel" must be a rather common expression about Washington, as we find Col. Breckinridge applying it to Mr. Heard and Mr. Olive using it to describe a Sol citor-General xwell. Perhaps it is been necessary

The young St. Louis voter who voted five times at one election merely because he was asked to do so, and received no sort of re-ward, has rather more energy than is neces-sary to keep his country going.

Last night was so extremely cold that every plumber in town dreamed that it was the glorious summer time and that he was lolling at the seaside with his fellow-mil-If ex-Senator Ingalls had accompanied Acter Sullivan to Kansas City and remained with him, the ex-Senator would have caught a glimpse of that famous jag.

Every morning: He shivers in the street car, and he cannot warm his toes; the frost is on his whiskers and the iclole on his nose. If Mr. Deering found 3,703 saloons open in

December, the growth of the city will soo increase this number to at least 4,102. Until the good Mr. Bissell had been made Postmaster-General he had never heard a mountain Congressman swear.

Kisser Brown must be a good deal sur-prised at that \$2,500 verdict against Builder Carpenter.

August Wolf's summary November proceedings should have been spread over morautumns.

The 400 can hardly do less than to raise monument to Ward McAllister, its dis-overer. With the new States and Don Camero A pretty pair to draw to: Tom Reed and Bourke Cockran.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM

plainly written letter, not exceeding 150 and containing information, suggestion, com-or comment fit for publication, will be given ounder this head, if accompanied by the writ-ume and address as private guarantee of

er's name and address as private guarantee of good faith.

A CONTRACTOR'S MONOPOLY.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
I would like to say a few words in regard to the builders' bill, requiring all builders to pay a license, because it has a tendency, as they state, to shut out small and irresponsible contractors. I think it's the most un-American piece of legislation I ever read about, and hope it won't pass, for the reason that it is detrimental to the mechanic with an inclination to better his position in life. To my mind this bill tends toward monopoly of the worst kind by putting the building business of St. Louis in the hands of a few men. It is detrimental to the growth of the city, as it is going to keep people of small means from building their own homes. The \$100 license won't check the building, but the results after the small and irresponsibles are frozen out will tell the tale, as the monopolists are more liable to add \$1,00 to an estimate than the \$100 license contemplated. I regret to see laborers supporting a law making themselves slaves. The llen laws are good protection for their wages, and a manly spirit to demand them when due is better. It's the rule among architects to make all contractors give a surety company's bond, and when any small or iresponsible builder gets a surety company as his bondsman he has as much right to live and call himself contractor as any member of the Builders' Exchange. What the monopolists want to do is to get up a bond for their sub-contractors to sign that will be legal and binding to them, as they are to the owners. Then they will have less to say about irresponsible contractors. I hope the small contractor and labor unions may have a strong enough representative at the council meeting Wednesday to oppose such an outrage on their liberty.

A POPULAR LOAN.

A POPULAR LOAN.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The financial crisis is due to the discovery by the Eastern bankers of a clever device (the bond issue) for making the people earn money for them during the hard times.

The remedy is equally simple. Suspend specie payments and you take their weapons out of their hands. This is a governmental privilege. Then, as soon as possimental privilege.

ons out of their hands. This is a governmental privilege. Then, as soon as possible, take up the present paper circulation by issuing non-interest bearing gold bonds, in treasury note denominations, redeemable in gold at different dates—\$100,000,000 redeemable in five years, \$100,000,000 in ten years and so on. These bonds to be reissued in a new series when redeemed, so as to keep up a permanent paper circulation.

Make these small gold bonds full legal tender in all sums for all debts, and you have a circulating medium that cannot be cornered by speculators; that will save the people enormous sums in interest; that will have all the good qualities of a gold bond without its ultimate cost in interest. Engils capitalists are anxious to get the proposed gold 3 per cent bonds.

The American people will be glad to take the same bonds without interest for a circulating medium. This is at once a gold bond and a treasury note.

It is simply honest money.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

It is simply honest money.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

LONG-DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Can you tell why St. Louis is left out in the cold in the long-distance telephone of the American Telephone and Telegraph Co.? This company has lines reaching from Augusta, Me., to above Green Bay, Wis., some 1,500 miles, including Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, Milwaukee and intermediate points all in operation. This company advertises conversation 1,000 miles and return in five minutes. Appointments can be made and conversations held, giving all the advantages of a personal interview. The mail is quick, the telegraph quicker, but long distance telephone is instantaneous. Day stations, equipped with these instruments, have been established at all principal points, but we, it seems, are not of sufficient importance to be included. It seems to me a connection with Chicago and Indianapolis would be a very great convenience to us commercially and otherwise, and particularly would this be so between us and Chicago and our Boards of Trade. It is certainly passing strange that we hear nothing of this singular histus. I am so mystified about it that I naturally come to the Forum for information. Will you kindly enlighten me as to the why and thereby greatly oblige?

PHIL SHIRMER.

BETTER COLLECT THE TAXES.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

To sell city land, especially the down town To sell city land, especially the down town parks, for the purpose of getting spondulix enough to finish the heathen temple of would-be Solons, would be a criminal blunder. To take away the few spots in which our children, wives and mothers can enjoy a little fresh sir, shade and grass, and to compel future men and women to make the streets wholly their playsrounds, is certainly not what the fathers of the republic expected would happen in the land wheredwells the build-headed easile of freedom.

Let the city collect, without fear or favor, the taxes due and overdue, and there will be money enough to finish the City Hall. The problem is selved; its application only is needed.

Meltzer Says Beer Has Been Overlooked.

He Is of Importance to the Angle Saxon Stage.

RIS ACTING STANDS FOR A METHOD

WORTH STUDYING.

Unlike Irving, Bernhardt and Many Other Shining Stars, His Own Personality Is Hidden Behind the Mask

And his method well deserved study.

Reserving the accustomed course of actors, Mr. Tree has made it his great object to always be an interpreter. He does not try to sink his part in his own character. His constant effort is to lose himself, for the time being, in the part he plays.

In other words, he is more faithful to the author—who creates—than to his own immediate interest. author—who creates—than to his own immediate interest.

He lends his talent and his art to the one purpose of illuminating character. The characters, no doubt, must have some points of certain contact with his own, or he could

of certain contact with his own, or as count not interpret it.

But it will never be confounded with his person, as the part of Theodoria or Fioria always will be with Sarah Bernhardt's and that of Mathias, in "The Bells," with Henry Invited.

person, as the part of Theodoris of rioria always will be with Sarah Bernhardt's and that of Mathias, in "The Bells," with Henry Irving's.

His art, in short, is based on self-devotion, and, if for this aione, it is a worthy art.

If we could get at the real springs which move the artist we might find that it was not his own free will alone, but other causes, that induced him to adopt his method.

Men and women are very strong and fascinating qualities—men like Irving and women like Sarah Bernhardt—would strive in vain to win success on Mr. Beerbohm Tree's plan.

Try as they would (and they might not desire to try), their proper selves would always shine through any character they might assume. They would be true or false, or partly false and partly true, to the inventor of the plays in which they acted. And the extent to which their genius served their author—served him faithfully. I mean—would be determined by the adaptabilities of his characters to theirs, rather than of theirs to his.

In practice they might help him by departing from his plans. In theory at times they would betray him.

Moreover, in discussing Mr. Tree and his artistic altruism, we should bear in mind a fact which has, I think, been rather seriously neglected by the critics.

The London actor is of German origin. His thoroughness, his earnestness, his altruism and his "versatility" (I must apologise once more for ringing in the word) are part and parcel of the German scheme of life, which tends as steadily towards the merging of the ego in the mass as the English and American actors achieve the general smoothness, the all-around efficiency, which are so evident in even an inferior German company.

The English-speaking artist, as a rule, cares yastly less for any play with which

Triumph. The German artist works for com-mon ends.

There may be something to be said for both ideals. But, since we cannot all be Bernhardts, Keans and Garricks, it is much safer, and in every case it is a great deal more contenting to the public, to give less importance to the individual than to the "ensemble."

"ensemble."
Nature, which has endowed Mr. Tree with many high and noble gifts, has made him above all a man of intellect. It has denied him the more passionate and stirring charm which moves us in the acting of Salvini, Bernhardt, Duse and, occasionally, Irving. He has the clear, true sense, the perfect He has the clear, true sense, the perfect taste, the cleverness to know his special strength and weakness. He appeals much more directly to our heads than to our hearts. And he is wise—for he is sure of s

more directly to our heads than to our hearts. And he is wise—for he is sure of a response.

Mr. Tree has labored well in the same school as that delightful actor, Possart. His successes are of the same kind as those of Possart, and the means by which he works suggest that artist's.

Mr. Mansfield, M. Antoine, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Dodson and Mr. Willard (in some measure) are also working on his lines. They may not all be always as successful in their efforts. They all aspire to hide themselves, their idiosyncrasles, their persons, in their stage characters.

In order to complete the stage illusion which they are desirous of creating, Mr. Tree and Possart give amazing care to the externals of their parts. They are attentive—I am almost tempted to say too attentive—to the details of their "make-up." In their study of these details now and then they miss the broader and more humanely essential aspect of the characters with which they are identified.

But this, if fault it be, is less distressing than the opposite offense, which comes of vanity. It is the error of a conscientious art, at least not the impertinence of pompous self-conceit.

And it may frankly be conceded that in

vanity. It is the error of a conscientious art, at least not the impertinence of pompous self-conceit.

And it may frankly be conceded that in two of the three paris which he has played since he appeared on Monday last at Abbey's Theater, Mr. Tree has brought an intellectual make-up to the fulfillment of his work, which had a great deal more significance than the outward masks which he put on to hide his personality.

His Gringoire in the English version of De Banville's play, which Walter Besant and Walter Pollock have rechristened "The Ballad Monger," did not impress memaugre all his rags and patches—as so worthy an achievement as his Sir Philip Marchant in "A Bunch of Violets," or as even his ingenious, though to my mind slightly overrated, impersonation of the detective, Demetrius, in the stale and futile Nihilistic melodrama of Mr. W. Outram Tristram known as "The Red Lamp."

In "The Ballad Monger" and "A Bunch of Violets" Mr. Tree was somewhat apt to drone and preach, instead of speaking and reciting. The suggestion of a lisp which marred his utterances was in places tiresome. He "lisped in numbers." though, with suavity and grace in the De Banville play.

The effort which it cost to embody his

ay.

The effort which it cost to embody his meeption of Sir Philip Marchant in Mr. rundy's adaption of an earlier adaptation. To Octave Feuillet's "Montjoye" was aparent. For this reason (and some others) to were not so strongly moved by Mr. Tree's ell-thought-out study as we might have een.

AT THE THEATERS.

d Reed's new play, "The

In the first place, he is to his side the old gentle niece, who happens to be sn's rights. The first cas but he is obliged to ass Cantinus of that her will hat he was to be sn's rights.

and with tremendous vigor, but, before going too far, wishes to converse with the andidate herself. As the candidate has absolutely no views on any subject, it becomes Gen. Limber's painful duty to keep them apart until after the election. In doing lik, some of the most amusing complications come about, and, in dodging many other square issues, the General is kept extremely busy. The playwrights have been very claver in this matter, and nothing stumps imm. When he gets into a corner, he gets out by giving an imitation of a minited show, even to singing himself and forcing his inquisitors to do likewise. Of course, the control of the state of the corner has a rail adjoining the room in which the totors on the stage are seen. This is done in the third act, and is done with real regard to political conventionalities. A love

JAMES O'NEILL AS VIRGINIUS.—No JAMES O'NEILLI AS VIRGINIUS.—No more demonstrative audience has been in the Grand Opera-House in a long time than that which last night greeted James O'Neill in his first appearance in this city as Virginius. As tragedy does not appeal to the Sunday-nighters who sit down-stairs, this part of the house was light, but above, the lovers of tragedy were out in full force. After the third act, Mr. O'Neill was called before the curtain three times, and after the fourth act, in which he saved his daughter's honor with the sword, he was again over-

make a speech. He was manifestly wearied. The company had been on the road since early in the morning, and its train did not reach the city until after \$0 \cdot \close \cdot \cdot

carefully refraining from the temptation to exaggerate.

Mr. O'Neill's performance was a treat, and proved his worthiness to receive the mantle of the great portrayers of Virginius in the past.

Miss Florence Rockwell's Virginia was pathetic and pleading in the extreme, and gave sufficient proof of this young girl's genlus to warrant the expectation for better things for her in the future.

things for her in the future.

H. Grattan Donnelly's new play, "Virginia," was presented at the Hagan yesterday, with Miss Julia Stuart in the title role. As a whole, the piece is a pleasing one. It has many inconsistencies and improbabilities in it—notably, in the meeting of all the characters in London nine years after their introduction to the audience in Virginia, but it also has some pleasant features. There are two little children in the play, who act very prettily and throw sweetness over the whole of it.

Miss Stuart acted the part of a dreadfully unfortunate woman with becoming taste; and Miss Rice, her cousin, and an opera singer, was also clever. The comedy role rested with James R. McCann, and he was

and Miss Rice, her cousin, and an opera singer, was also clever. The comedy role rested with James R. McCann, and he was really funny. He appeared as a theatrical manager. His character was a taking one, and he made the most of it.

FEATURES AT POPE'S.—Pope's Theater had two marked features yesterday. One was the appearance of Unthan, the armiess wonder, who uses his feet for hands. He is évidently a marvel. The production of "A Fair Rebel" was the other feature. This play was put on better than any the stock company has yet tried. Miss Morse, the leading lady, in the role of Clairette Monteith, was especially clever. Her enunciation was noticeable for its distinctness, and

"THE LIMITED MAIL."—The old suc Elmer E. Vance, "The Limited M "THE LIMITED MAIL."—The old success of Elmer E. Vance, "The Limited Mail," was put on at Havlin's yesterday. The house was crowded at both performances, as is usually the case with this play, and it went with its old-time vim. To-night, the performance will be given for the benefit of Manager Will Jones, and the biggest house of the senson is expected.

AT THE STANDARD, -Sam T. Jack's Ex-AT THE STANDARD.—Sam I. Jack's Examinard yesterday with a bevy of beauties, who sang and danced, and paraded their figures, with the usual grace of Mr. Jack's coryphees. There were a number of vaudeville features of some worth. The living pictures were good.

FROM THE NOTE BOOKS.

Interesting Incidental Sketches of the



Interesting Incidental Sketches of the
Daily Work of Newsgathering.

AN ITEM THAT DIDN'T GET IN.—I
was out on an assignment in the West End
and I was in a hurry, too. It was getting
along close to the
time for going to
press, and I had no
time to lose. As I
turned on to Delmar,
off Vandeventer, I
noticed a few doors
ahead a little miss,
not more than 5 years
old, seated upon her
sled. Sine had evidently taken a great
deal of trouble to
seat herself properly,
and had herself nicely tucked up and was
waiting for something. What that
something was I soon
found out, for as f

"Won't you please give me a ride?"

"Won't you please give me a ride?"

Picking up the rope, I started down the venue at a brisk trot, which made my ttle passenger's golden hair stream out hind in the brease that was blowners. I pulled have little passenger's golden behind in the breeze that sharply. I pulled her to those long blocks, and my destination, I stopped



WHAT-NOT CORNER.



MEN OF MARK. The name of President Faure of France s pronounced as one syllable, the "aur" as learly as possible like the "or" in the word look. Gen. Booth of the Salvation Army has ally concluded to locate his over-sea blony somewhere in Manitoba, instead of king it to Australia.

The decision of the authorities of Stocknon-on-Tees, England, to erect a statue to hin Walker, a chemist of that town, who die is 157, on the ground that he invented uciter matches, will arouse those who listed that some other man was the in-mator.

entor.

Jeter C. Pritchard, the first Republical lenator from North Carolins in a general ion, began life as a printer's apprentice fie was defeated for Governor in 1883, when may 30 years old. He is tall and blue-eyed and was born in the moonshining district Tannasse.

of Tennessee.
Gilbert Parrott of Lynp, Mass., is said to be the oldest shoemaker in the country.
He is 92 years old and as tough as his lapstone. It is stated by a publisher who knows that the literary earnings of Robert Louis Ste venson in the last eight years were not less than \$20,000.

than \$200,000. Stepniak, the Russian Radical, gives the Czar credit for desiring to avoid a great European war, but hints that it is poverty, not peace, that inspires his actions. PLAYTHINGS.

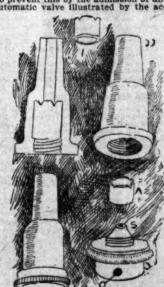
The streets are full of human toys, Wound up for threescore years; Their springs are hungers, hopes and joys, And jealousies and fears. They move their eyes, their lips, their

hands; They are marvelously dressed; And here my body stirs or stands, A plaything, like the rest. The toys are played with till they fall,
Worn out and thrown away.
Why were they ever made at all?
Who sits to watch the play?
EDMUND GOSSE.

TO SAVE PIPES.

Automatic Air Valve for Exposed Pipes in Cold Weather.

In many cases pipes are burst in winter time in consequence of the imprisonment of air before or at the time freezing comences, but in most cases it results from imprisonment of water; which does not leave the pipes even when taps are turned on To prevent this by the admission of air, the automatic valve illustrated by the accom-



panying engravings has been made. It is a simple, inexpensive valve, and can be applied by any plumber. In most cases the shank of the valve is soldered into the outflow water pipe to be protected at the highest position in a building. The valve V is rubber-seated, and closes on the seats in the cap, and is closed by the water pressure. When, however, the water pressure falls, as when the attempt is made to run water off at the lowest tap, the valve falls, admitting air, and no water can then be held up by atmospheric pressure. The pipe is thus emptted and no burst occurs.

SNOW IN TROPICAL AFRICA. When Stanley in 1888 crossed the Dark Continent in search of Emin, the natives reported the mountain Rowenzori as covered with white metal. When they reached the eternal snow they reveled in the novel phenomenon, but would not go further when they found that snow would melt, for they thought the mountain bewitched.

PRIZE ESSAY. The Italian Government has offered a prize for the best essay on the technique of paint-ing, frescoes, encaustic painting and of painting, with suggestions for the preserva-tion of ancient paintings.

SIX LITTLE JOKES. Philadelphia Record.—"The people rould pay to get their names in some ers," says the Manayunk philosopher ot nearly so numerous as those who ay to keep out of certain others."

Harlem Life.—First Vassar Girl: "He sai he could not live without me—that I was, i short, a sine qua non."

Becond Vassar Girl: "And you said..."

First Vassar Girl: "Well, I gave him to understand that he was not exactly person, hon grata."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD

Instead of an engagement the Japanese lover gives his sweetheart a piece of beautiful slik for her sash or obl.

It is no compliment in Japan to name a child after an elder. Girls are commonly called Plum, Snow, Sunshine, Gold or some such word, while a boy is Stone, Bear, Tiger or the like. More ceremonious names are used among the wealthy or the nobles.

The forced saie of her oid home has left Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague destitute, it is said. She has nothing but her wardrobe that she can call her own, and that has not been replenished for two years, while she is in debt to friends for small sums of money advanced to her. Her decline within thirty years from affluence and the highest social position almost to actual want is the direct of misfortunes.

FACT OR FICTION.

Some of the ranches in the West contain millions of acres of land and are euclosed with fences that extend for miles. It takes an express train four hours and fifteen minutes to pass through one pasture in Texas.

Queerer suitat law was never brought than that of H. Magill against the Osage Council, Magill was going through the reservation when the Indians caught and tied him, cut his hair and held a war dance round him. He sues for \$10,000, and the Council offers \$500 to settle.

A hardware man in New Orleans, a negro weighing 200 pounds and named Little Coon, is trying to have the courts change his name.

At Salta, in Argentina, a list of naughty boys and girls who have failed to attend school regularly is published in the news-

and management cost about soon, not year.

The elephant is commonly supposed to be a slow, clumsy animal, but when excited or frightened can attain a speed of twenty miles an hour and keep it up for half a day.

The black ostrich stands seven feet high.

The records of Massachusetts are written
in an official ink specially made for the pur-

when struck by a help hour.

A gigantic camella is growing near the royal castle at Plinitz, near Dresden, Germany. The tree is 24 feet high and produces annually at least 50,000 blossoms.

There are about 100,000 islands, large and small, scattered over the oceans. America alone has 5,500 around its coasts.

Here is a very Frenchy story from Le When the Prince-President on his journey When the Prince-President on his journey through France came to Bordeaux a triumphal arch had been erected for him by the Prefect at the entrance to the town. A wreath suspended from a rope was to be let down upon his head, and the arch bore this inscription: "He has well deserved it." But a gust of wind carried off the wreath, so that there was nothing left but the rope with the legend: "He has well deserved it."

THE SHEFFIELD CANAL.

Sheffield is not to be left behind by Man-chester. More money has been subscribed than was asked for to build the canal that will connect the town with the sea at Gools, on the Humber.

TEMPLES FROM SOLID ROCK.

The wonderful East Indian statues and temples cut from the solid boulders and stratified rocks are duplicated, if not excelled, by the Afghans. Prof. J. A. Gay, in one of his recent lectures on the far East, tells of a stone statue of a god which he saw at Bamian, near the Russian frontier. This particular statue was one of a score, but was the giant of the lot, being 173 feet in height and large in proportion. It was used as a store-house for grain, and at that time contained over 2,000 bushels.

ELECTRIC MINING. Dispatches from the Massilion coal re-gion state that a number of operators are considering the equipment of their mines with electric mining machinery.

TRILBYANA

From the Washington Star.

"That's the seventh time this more said the shoe merchant, as a custom the store, "that you told me in a tolce that couldn't escape being even that a woman reminded you of Trilb "Yes," replied the new clerk, "and the seventh woman that I've sold a paper it." From the Chicago Tribune. They've named the baby

> Sad her lot in life
> Will be,
> For lo, her name will
> Still be For lo, her n

Vhen the world's forgot it ever heard of Trilby!

THE SEAT OF THE SOUL. The pineal giand is a small body almost a the center of the brain. It contains a savity holding a sandy substance composed f phosphate and carbonate of lime. Its see in the animal economy is absolutely unown. Fanciul physiologists have consetured it the the seat of the soul.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

P. R.—Inquire at the Public Library.
CONSTANT READER.—Write to the New
York Clipper.
REGULAR SUBSCRIBER.—We do not
advertise lotteries.
INQUIRER.—Household effects may be
loid for taxes unpeld.
POLITICS.—A foreigner may yets after
lating out his first papers.
BASE BALL CRANK.—The law is intersed to cover games of any and all his disunday.
SUBSCRIBER.—Marrian

Pine Stable in New

LEAD THE TURY.

According to a cablegram from London the Duke of Portland has purchased the great Australian race horse Carbine for 13,000 guineas, which amounts to \$65,000 in American money. Carbine, by Musket, out of Mersey, is undoubtedly one of the greatest race horses the world has ever seen, not even accepting Ormonde. Carbine's greatest performance was at Melbourne in 1890, when he won the Melbourne cup at three miles, carrying 145 pounds, and covering the route in 3:234, beating a field of thirty-eight horses. Altogether, he started in forty-three races, of which he won thirty-three, was second in six, third in three, and unplaced only once. His total stake winnings amount to \$143,350.

Tom Walsh and Fred Foster have settled their differences, and are now figuring on securing the Fair Grounds track, between May 1 and 5, for the Dr. Rice-Simmons race. This match is for \$1,000 a side, and Walsh wants he owner of the winner to take the entire gate receipts. The talk was of the race taking place early in April, but that period is rather early in the season for either horse to be gotten ready, and it is altogether probable that early in May will be the time selected for the race.

Salary Matters.

Manager Mack, of the Pittsburgs, has received a letter from Pitcher Hawley in which the pitcher said that he was pleased to go to Pittsburg, and would certainly do all in his power to pitch winning ball for the club. He expressed the hope that he would pitch better ball than he had ever done, and trusted that he and Pittsburg patrons would get along together.

But Mr. Hawley's ideas of salary and those of Manager Mack are very conflicting. In his letter Hawley asks a very big salary, something like \$3,000. This does not at all harmonize with the salary notions of Manager Mack, and the latter last evening informed the good-looking pitcher that his notions of salary were very misleading. The club is prepared to give Hawley the limit, \$2,400, and that is just as much as any other player on the team will get.

What a howl is going out from the Western teams and players over the stupidity of President Young in setting the league opening for April 18, one day earlier than last season, says the Cincinnati Tribuna. What if the Poo-Bah of base ball should keep on making the day of opening a day earlier each year? In a few seasons the first games would have to be played indoors or under cover from the snow storms. It is the duty of the league at its annual meeting to call this man, who knows no better than to schedule opening games in a blizzard, and decide if he has suddenly gone mad or has a few cranks and moneygrabers in the East that he wants to please. He knows nothing of what the weather is to be, but he does know what it was last season and the loss that was occasioned by the untimely opening. Perhaps we may have June days in April, but it is doubtful. For the sake of the money that is fin it, I hope there may be suitable base-ball weather, and yet there will linger the impression that President Nick Young is mixed in his dates and expects the guif stream to suddenly flow through every National League city.

Chauncy Fisher, late of the Cincinnati

Base Ball Briefs.

by fire.

According to President Young, at least ten new leagues have applied for protection under the national agreement.

Union College has been expelled from the New York State Intercollegiate Base Ball Association for professionalism.

Harry C. Pulliam, a Louisville newspaper man, has been appointed financial manager of the Louisville Club, and will travel with it on all its trips.

IRISH ROWING CHAMPIONSHIP.

Race Between Bergen of Philadelphia

Walter Bergen, formerly of Belfast, Ireland, but now of Philadelphia, has left for Ireland, where he will row a match race with Dr. Boyd of Dublin for the championship of the green isle. Bergen is a member of the Iona Boat Club and Caledonia Club, and won the Jubilee challenge cup in 1891, when he defeated Boyd. The sace will be one mile and will take place in Belfast within a month. Bergen will return in time to compete for the championship of the United States and Canada.

THE CUP DEPENDER.

Hand.

BRISTOL, R. I., Feb. 4.—The Herreshofts have hired a large number of extra men and work on the new cup defender will now be begun in earnest. About sixty tons of lead in pigs came in by rall from New York. This was carted to the works and placed in the yards to the south of the works, where it will be near the big melting pots. Besides this sixty tons there are about thirty tons on hand available for the keel of the new cup defender. That the new boat will be a keel boat there is many interesting reminiacences of the making a pork of making a safely development are plentifully supplied with peanur pleas and tobacco. Stories are told are many interesting reminiacences of the memory of the older members.



JIM HALL,

fight will be pulled off before the Suffolk Athletic Club of Boston Feb. 22, and will be a six-round go. Maher is confident of winning, and he has stated that he will win in a less number of rounds.

Maher will meet Jake Kilrain before the same club March 18.

Dick Burge evidently has no intention of fighting Tommy Ryan if he can avoid it. Pressed to the wall by "Parson" Davies after he had signified his desire to back Harry Nickless against Ryan, Burge agreed to fight Ryan, but named a date so far off as to preclude the likelihood of any negotiations being entered into. Burge's offer by cable was as follows:

"Burge will box Ryan in November next for f500 or f1,000, at 140 pounds, weigh at 3 o'clock, and National Sporting Club will give f500 purse."

Davies and Ryan both said the conditions suited them, all but the date. Ryan wants to fight in three or four months and is willing to take on Nickless for a preliminary bout if Burge will agree to fight him later. In reply to Burge's proposition, Davies sent the following:

"Ryan will fight Burge in May. All other conditions satisfactory. If Burge will not agree, how much will National Sporting Club give for Ryan and Nickless, 142 pounds, what side bet and date? Davies will also back Choynski against any man in England, bar Jackson. Can a match be arranged?"

Jack Dempsey intends to leave Brooklyn for Portland, Ore., this week. He talks as

Jack Dempsey intends to leave Brooklyn for Portland, Ore., this week. He talks as rationally as he ever did, although he has only abstained from the use of alcoholic. stimulants for a few days. Dempsey has been warned by his physicians to quit drinking and appears to realize the necessity of his doing so. The stories to the effect that the ex-middleweight champion blamed Jack McAuliffe for his recent misfortunes are denied by both of them. They had a few words at Coney Island before the first fight at the Seaside Club, but McAuliffe declares that this was all straightened out.

Pugilistic Pointers.

If Frank Erne gets the decision over serry Marshall he says he will challenge Geo. Dixon.

Sam Fitzpatrick is anxious to match "Kid" Lavigne against Young Griffo.

Denny Butler is of the opinion that Dan Creedon will have his hands full when he meets the "Coffee Cooler."

The National Sporting Club of London has declined to take charge of the fight between Charlie Mitchell and Peter Jackson.

Jerry Sullivan has posted \$100 in Allegheny City for a fight with Jerry Marshall. Jerry Sullivan has posted \$100 in Allegheny City for a fight with Jerry Marshall, the Australian, for from \$500 to \$5,000 a side. Sullivan wants a finish fight at 128 pounds in a sixteen-foot ring, Queensbury rules. The affairs of the Atlantic Athletic Club are said to be in bad shape and if the O'Don-will Make above the said to be some accomplished to the state of the Atlantic Athletic Club are said to be in bad shape and if the O'Don-will Make above the said to be some accomplished to the said to be some accomplished to the said to be some accomplished to the said to be in bad shape and if the O'Don-will Make accomplished to the said to be some accomplished to the said to be are said to be in bad shape and it nell-Maher show draws a good outside fighting may be booked

Gideon Will Be Racing Board Chairman

Gideon Will Be Racing Board Chairman It Expenses Are Paid.

George D. Gideon, who is booked as being the successor of Howard E. Raymond as Chairman of the National Racing Board, is quoted as saying the following: "Unless I receive an amount sufficient to cover the expenses of a secretary and typewriter, I could not see my way clear to fuifill the duties that would fall upon me, and no man ought to be expected to do so. I have no wish to make anything from the office, and fully appreciate the honor attached thereto, but I could not afford to devote the time to answer an average of over 100 letters per day or do routine duty in addition to the other work of the office."

Mr. Gideon will get what he wants, according to a prominent official, as the office is considered even more important than the presidency and the amount of work attached to is only too well known.

An important measure to wheelmen was recently introduced in the New York Assembly. It prescribes the width of tires to be used on wagons, imposes a \$5 fine for each use of a wagon not complying with the law, and offers a bounty of \$8 for every vehicle altered to meet the law, up to July 1, 1898. Wagons built to carry from one to two tons ore to have tires 3 inches wide; those built to carry three tons, 4 inches; those built to carry three tons, 4 inches; those built to carry three tons, 4 inches; those built to carry three tons as the terminal committee. This is to make the wagon a road maker instead of a road breaker.

make the wagon a road maker instead of a road breaker.

The West is crying for better representation on the national committees of the League of American Wheelmen, and at the National Assembly next month will make strenuous efforts to elect one or more of their candidates. One of the latest League members named for a position is ex-Chief Consul A. A. Billingsley of the Illinois Division. He is well recommended, and an active campaign has been insugurated by the Illinois wheelmen, hesded by Vice-Consul C. H. Robinson of Springfield.

The wheelmen of Jersey City are now at work procuring subscriptions for a cycle path from that city to Newark. The success that the Brooklyn wheelmen attained in their efforts to secure a pathway from Prospect Park to Coney Island has enthused the Jersey wheelmen, and they are very desirous to secure a roadway between the two cities. The members of the Hudson County Wheelmen are at the head of the plan.

MANIA TO KILL.

mother did take her there, but the girl pleaded so hard to be taken back home that the mother did not have the hear; to leave her.

Mr. and Mrs. Tarbox decided to place her in the training-school in West Forty-third street, where she was to learn dressmaking and music. She went home to spend the Christmas of 1833. She refused to go back to the school. When her parents insisted, she went to Dr. Smythe's, becoming a servant in the establishment where she had been a pupil. She had to leave on account of her frequent fits of rage.

Christine went back to her home last September. Her outbursts of temper became more and more frequent. Torrents of foul language poured from her lips, and this, her parents say, is the strangest part of all, for they cannot imagine where she heard the expresions.

About six weeks ago the girl sprang upon Mrs. Tarbox and struck her with such force that her nose was broken. An hour later Christine hung about her mother's neck, sobbing bitterly and begging forgiveness. But the next day she was worse than ever. A little while afterwards she tried to kill herself by turning on the gas in her room. Through a friend a letter was secured from Dr. Wylse, placing Christine in Bellevue Hospital as his private patient. She was taken there on Dec. 2. For three days she refused to eat a particle. They told her they would place her in the insane pavilion. Then she ate a hearty meal. The doctors sent her home, saying she had merely a bad temper. For more than a month the family have had Christine with them again. Nearly every day, and sometimes twice a day, she has raved like a maniac, assaulting those nearest to her. Her brother, a sturdy youth of 14, was sitting near a window a few weeks ago, when she sprang towards him, broke the glass in the window and tried to throw him out. It is the fourth story above the street. Even with his mother's assistance he barely escaped.

Dr. S. F. McHale of 218 East Eighty-seventh street, the family physician, recommended sending the girl to an institution, and he wro

HIS WILLING BONDAGE:

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—A special dispatch to the World from Richmond, Va., says: Anderson Whitaker, an aged negro of Scott County, was in slavery days the property of Nathan Whitaker, of that county. At the close of the war his master, an invalid, was reluctant to relinquish his claims on the trusted and faithful nurse, and so proposed to Andrew himself that if he would remain with him in voluntary servitude he, the master, would bequeath to him a house and lot and other real estate. The negro agreed, and until August, 1893, when his master died, performed the same labors that he had before the law freed him. He was then an old man.

When the will was read it appeared that the only legacy left him was a horse worth \$30. The contract under which the colored man had served the best days of his life had never been made in writing. The old negro brought his grievance to Capt. J. Wood, a well-known attorney, who undertook to enforce the terms of the contract. who undertook to contract.

The Circuit Court of Scott County at its last term threw the case out on technical grounds, and now the Supreme Court of the State is asked to allow the ex-slave remuneration for his long service in self-imposed slavery.

BURNED IN HIS BED.

A Denver Man Accidentally Sets Fire to His Store, and Perishes.

His Store, and Perishes.

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 4.—About 12:20 this morning an explosion of gasoline set fire to the store of A. L. Bowers, 1317 Seventeenth street, and burned to death the proprietor, who slept in a room in the rear of the store. Bowers was over 60 years of age, and had been a resident of Denver for more than twenty years.

He lived alone in his little shop and sold patent medicines as well as other articles. Bowers was burned to a crisp in bed, and, close to him stood a gasoline can. He is supposed to have lighted a pipe or cigar, and by accident thrown the match into the vessel of inflammable fiuld.

MOST MODERATES HIS TONE.

Criticises Capitalists.

Criticises Capitalists.

WATERBURY, Conn., Feb. 4.—Herr Most of New York addressed a crowd of 300 in Turn Verein Hall last night and arraigned the Brooklyn Street railroad companies for their action in the trolley strike. The police had previously warned Most that they would allow no Anarchistic talk, and he spoke in mild tones of denunciation of capital and government. The Anarchists had previously engaged Concordia Hall for the rally, but the owners of the property upon learning that Herr Most was to be the speaker refused to let the hall.

INJURED IN A WRECK.

Members of the Ford Dramatic Company
Hurt in a Collision.

NEWTON, Ill., Feb. 4.—Four freight cars
and a passenger car of an Indiana & Illinois Southern Railroad train went down a
fifteen-foot embankment, two miles west
of Oblong, at 1 p. m. yesterday, and several
members of the Ford Dramatic company,
who were in the coach, were injured. Clint
G. Ford, manager, had his arm hurt; Geo.
M. Adams, leading man, arm and hand
hurt, internal injuries; Harry Fahreny,
comedian, head and arm hurt; George W.
Jackson, foot injured; D. W. Seagrist, badily
bruised; T. H. Hand, head injuries. The
wreck was due to decayed ties, a defective
joint and broken rail. Members of the Ford Dramatic Compa



All Run Down

learty and Well Since Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

ecame enfeebled and run down from 172 to 132 pounds. I then commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and now l am hearty and well, can work hard and eat my meals with relish, which I could not do previously. Formerly my food distressed me, now I can eat heartily. This is due to the beneficial effects of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I had doctored for a long time but did not seem to get well, but nine bottles of

Hood's Has Cured Me, built up my system, given me renewed health and increased my weight to 158 Hood's Fill Cures

pounds. I praise Hood's Sarsaparilla highly to all." FRANK McALLAS-TER, Rich Hill, Mo.

Heed's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. Zc.

LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION.

LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION.

THE SCARLET WEDDING.

It Made Such a Sensation That the Dom inte Resigned His Charge.

inie Resigned His Charge.

PORT JARVIS, N. Y., Feb. 4.—The wedding of the Rev. Geo. Washington Scarlet, pastor of the Reformed Church in New Hurley, and Miss Laura Tuice, the 19-year-old daughter of his housekeeper, adds another link to the chain of romance with which the dominie is connected. His life has been a continued romance from the time he and his brother, John Adams Scarlet, were found parentiess at a tender age and taken to an orphan home in Newark, N. J. Their antecedents seemed to be shrouded in mystery, and they were too young to tell their own story or give their names. Because of the red kilts which they-wore they were called "Scarlet," and the name George Washington was given to the elder, while John Adams was the honored name applied to the younger.

A Hunterdon (Pa.) County farmer visited the place with a view of taking a lad home with him. George Washington was recommended. His bright eyes and good looks gave him a decidedly prepossessing appearance, and he became a member of this man's household. It happened that a year later another farmer from that county in need of a boy applied to that institution, and John Adams was fortunate enough to secure a private home for himself. So the two boys were thus unconsciously within a few miles of each other. They were sent to Rutger's College. There they made good records and were encouraged to study for the ministry. Their professional studies ended, they married sisters and entered upon the active duties of their chosen calling. The first wife of the Rev. G. W. Scarlet died about six months ago from injuries sustained by a fall. The sentiment against the dominie for marrying his housekeeper's daughter, and especially so soon after the death of his wife, was so strong that he resigned his charge. The Rev. John Adams Scarlet is in Gilboa, N. Y.

THEIR POINT OF VIEW. Chicago Trade and Labor Men Object to

Mail Boxes on Street Cars.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 4.—The Trades and Labor Assembly last night adopted resolutions condemning the proposition to place mail boxes on the street cars, and appointed a committee to present the resolutions to Postmaster Washington Hesing.

The same committee will present a vote of thanks to Mr. Hesing, passed by the assembly, for his work in the interest of a new Government building for Chicago.

A number of speeches were made regarding the street-car mail proposition, and it was said that it was but an effort on the part of the street railway people to provide against future strikes of their employes, and not a desire to be of any service to the public.

Dr. Otto Forster IIII.

Dr. Otto E. Forster, member of the Board of Health and one of the first to introduce the anti-toxine treatment for diphtheria, is reported suffering from a serious illness, a complication of diphtheria and pneumonia. He is thought to have contracted the diphtheria while treating patients.

Homeseekers' Excursion. Feb. 12 the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway will sell tickets at reduced rates to all points in Texas. For further inforapply at depot, Broadway Station or 103 North Broadway.

Janowski Cannot Lose. PARIS, Feb. 4.—Janowski defeated Meises in the thirteenth game of the chess match. He can't now loss the match. The present score is: Janowski, 6; Meises, 5; drawn, 2 Another game remains to be played.

Anæmic Women with pale or sallow complexions, or suffering from skin eruptions

or scrofulous blood, will find quick relief in Scott's Emulsion.
All of the stages of Emaciation,
and a general decline of health, are speedily cured.

Emulsion

takes away the pale, haggard look that comes with General Debility. It enriches the blood, stimulates the appetite, creates healthy flesh and brings back strength and vitality. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchits, Wask Lungs, Consumption and Wasting Discounter Children.



Lowest Prices Ever Known on Warm Ulsters! You can buy an immense bargain now in fleecy, warm

Chinchillas or Fur Beavers, or strong, never-wear-out, wind-defying Friezes. Most sensible Winter Coat you can get. Style never changes. Fine Black Friezes at \$15—good for five years' solid wear!

All Our Finest \$10, \$9, \$8 and \$7.50 Trousers Cut to

Fine Warm All-Wool \$16.50 Men's Suits Cut Down to \$9.75!

Hundreds of Fine \$18, \$20 and \$22 Suits and Overcoats

All 75c and 5oc Men's Neckties Cut to 39 Cents! 300 Pairs of Ladies' Fine

\$3.00 Shoes Going at **2.13!**

All prices cut away down on Men's Winter Underwear, Winter Caps, etc., etc. The J. L. Hudson Company

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

St. Louis, Mo., January St. 1895.
DAWSON & GARVIN and FISSE & ALLEN. Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—Ry virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1896, of eaid Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and the the use of Henry Ziegenbein, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Andre Sick, Catherine Peche, Marie Guilgot, Helen Schoeny and Francis A. Sick, are defendants I have levied upon and selzed the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of Tax Bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Lot No. 5 of block St. In survey S, and in city block No. 5132 of said city, said lot having a front of 25 feet on Virginia avenue by a depth of 140 feet, and I will, on Saturday, the 23d day of Pebruary, 1895, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forence and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or no much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo. 2774

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution on foreclosure of a deed of trust, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1805, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Arthur A. B. Woerhelde and Rudolph F. Kilgen, assignées of the Western Union Buddie.

AMUSEMENTS

OLYMPIC . . . ROLAND REED THE POLITICIAN

MANA JULIA STEWART HE HAGAN VIRGINIA.

STANDARD--TO-NIGHT AT 8.

The Bull Fighter Including the Sensational Dancer, FATIMA, ther World-Famous SUN BANCE.

Next week—Rentz-Santley Company. CRAND OPERA-HOUSE MR. JAMES O'NEILL,

isted by a Selected Company, includ MISS FLORENCE ROCKWELL, VIRGINIE
WONTE CRIST
MONTE CRIST
MONTE CRIST
VIRGINIE
HAMLET
MONTE CRISTO
HAMLET
MONTE CRISTO

MONTE CRISTO

MONTE CRISTO

MONTE CRISTO

HAVLIN'S THEATER. EXTRA-TO-Night-EXTRA
rand Benefit to Manager WILL E. JONES. The
Big Scenic Production. THE LIMITED MAIL



LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION.

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALES, three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each addit e, 5 cents. OY WANTED-To work about the house; must be willing to work. Call at \$205 Lucas av. SOY—A strong boy 15 years old wants a place in a wholesale house where he can make bimself use al. Inquire at 3824 s. 9th st.

OACHMAN-Want sit; good, sober, industrio and experienced man would like to change place end refs. Add. D 298, this office. CLERK-Wanted, alt, as night cierk in transien rooming hotel by experienced young man with good city refs. Ad. P 290, this office.

COLLECTOR—An experienced nan will collect accounts of every kind on commission; best references. Address Young, room K, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.

DRIVER—Wanted cit. as driver or porter; best city references. Add N. 304 this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Wanted, situation as housework cook or nurse, man as general work, good hand with stock. Address B 306, this office. Situation wanted by man and wife, with two ren. experienced hand on a farm; reference ired. Address 228 Howard st., Wm. Kentch if required. Address 228 Howard at. wm. Kentch. PRWMAN—tioed penmen will address envelopes 75c per 1,000. Address 3328 Hickory. SIGN PAINTER—Wants work eard writer or adv. aigns; All; work cheap; dry goods or clothing house preferred. Add. T 302, shis office.

Pruanti Stratton

HELP WANTED-MALES.

CUTTER WANTED—An experienced shoe cutter of ladies' fine shoes. E. Morris & Son, 242 Biddle st. ladies' fine shoes. E. Morris & Son, 242 Biddle st DRAFTSMAN WANTED—Reliable mechanica draffsman, acquainted with patent, or phototype drawings, 314 N. 3d st., Room 16. FREE treatment for all diseases at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av. HOSTLER WANTED-A hostler at 4036 Easter

MAN WANTED—For lawn and dining room work.

Add., with reference, A 308, this office. MEN-Wanted, more men to learn barber trade; only 8 weeks required; day or evening classes; catalogue free. St. Louis Barber School, 812 Pine

MANAGER WANTED—Reliable gentleman with \$1,000 to manage paying business in St. Louis, which will pay \$2,000 yearly; references exchanged. Address O 297, this office.

PORTER WANTED—Hotel porter with references Address W 305, this office. Address W 305, this omce.

SALESMEN WANTED—So acy; no deliveries of collections; cossiy outfle free; side line or exclusive. Ad. Manufacturers. 3941 Market st., l'hila., Pa. SALESMAN WANTED—To carry our stock food and horse specialties as a side line in Missouri, Kansas and Southern Illinois. Wilbor Seed Meal Co., 417 N. 12th st., St. Louis, Mo.

SALESMEN WANTED—Salesmen in every sown in Missouri and Illinois; bond required. Shaw & Tompkins, 206 Fagin Building. \$3.00 UP-Pants to order. Mesrits Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, second floor.

MEN AND BOYS WANTED. A profit of \$3.50 per week guaranteed to active workers who will sell the Post-Dispatch on the streets in the business center of St. Louis; an established and independent trade assured. Apply to C. B. Gauut, Superintendent of Circulation, Post-Dispatch.

HAYWARD'S SHORThand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olly

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

1303 Washington Av., 2d Floor. Will loan you any sum you desire from \$10 up on furniture and planos at the lowest rates, and with no extra charge of any kind, and give you as long time as you want to repay same with and at any time, are chosen to be a sum of the choice of the control of the we bought furniture or a piano on time meet your payment, let us know and dvance you the money to pay it; we do remove any goods, but leave them in your posses-sion; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and assest in the city, and in case of sickness we extend payments; also loans made in the suburbs of the city and East St. Louis. Call on us and we will give you any informaton you wish. Our office is open from 7 s. m. to 8 p. m. Notary in office.
FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
1808 Washington av., 2d floor

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALES. Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each addition, 5 cents.

COOK-Wanted sit. by colored woman as coek; can give refs. 2020 Mills st. COOK-Wanted, etc. by good cook; German, Call at Mrs. Ail's office, 1516 S. 78h st. COOK-Situation wanted to cook, wash and iron by German girl; refs. 109 S. Channing. DRESSMAKING—Wanted, to work in families by first-class cutter and fitter. 2024 Olive st. DESIGNER—Wanted, by a lady, competent signer, cutter and fitter, a position in some la dressmaking parlors; can give good references. L. Duffner, 2938 Grand av., Kansas City, Mo. HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by housegirl refs. 109 S. Channing. HOUSEWORK—Wanted sit, to assist in housework sleep at home. 2567 Benton st.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation to do housewo by German girl. Apply 8582 Papin st.

HOUSEGIBL—Good German girl wants a situation to do housework or general housework; call Tues-day. 2114 Mulimphy at.

HOUSEGIBL—Wanted, situation to do general bousework; no washing; first-class reference. 4101 Maryland av., 3 blocks south of Olive. HOUSEMBEPER Situation wanted by a widow with one child as housekeeper in widower's family; wages no object. 3525 M. Grand av.
HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by respectable German girl at general housework or for restaurant. Can be seen at 2212 N. Broadway for 8 days LAUNDRESS—Wanted sit. for first washing and ironing to take home. 18 S. Ewing av. LAUNDRESS-A woman wants washing to take home or go out by the day. 2439 Fall av. LADY—Wanted, by a respectable widow lady, of-fices to clean. Address R 305, this office. nces to clean. Address R 800, this ource.

LAUNDRESS.—Wanted, washing and ironing by experienced isundress; first-class work; West End
LAUNDRESS.—A good white laundress wants
washing to take home or go out by the day or
week; will do any kind of work. 921 N. 12th st.,
in rear, upstairs.

STENOGRAPHER-Experienced, desires positives best of refs. Address D 306, this office. "THRILLBY."

hree lines (20 words), 5 cents; each add

OUNG LADY—Wanted position by young lady; has had some experience on the stage; would ke to engage with some manager. Add. L. L., 115 N. Elliot av. HELP WANTED-PEWALE.

5 cents per line each insertion, ASTERS AND FINISHERS WANTED—On coats 1243 Carr st. IRL WANTED-For cooking, washing and from

HOUSEGIRL WANTED-For general housework HOUSEGIRL WANTED-A good Catholic girl at HOUSEGIRL WANTED-A girl for general housework at 3116 Eads av. HOUSEGIRL WANTED-Girl for general house work. 3727 Kossuth av. HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, 3119 Franklin av. OUSEGIRI, WANTED—Good girl for gene housework, 2618 Olive, st. HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for gener housework. 2712 Chestnut st. HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general house work; good refs. 236 S. 9th at. HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For seneral nonsework German preferred. 2030 Sallabury at. HOUSEGIRL WANTED-A good white girl for general housework. 1417 Marcus av. HOUSEGIRL WANTED-A girl for general bou work; small family. 2853 N. Grand av.

st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl to cook and help with general bousework. Call at once. 2737 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young, strong white girl to help with housework; German preferred. Apply at 1436 Mississippi av., after 7 p. m.

LADIES—To de faney work as home; \$6 to \$10; ateady work; no canvassing; send stamp. Delray Feedlework Co., Deiray, Mich.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—A half-grown white nurse. NURSEGIRL WANTED—A half-grown white nurse girl with refs. 2728 Morgan st. NURSEGIRL WANTED—And to assist in hous work; must be neat and clean. 4455 Hunt av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework, in small family, 3429 Bell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for genera housework; no cooking. Apply at 1351 S. 13th

WIDOW-Wanted, a widow, needy will have pref erence, to do man's washing. P 297, this office. WOMAN WANTED—An expert woman to do laun dry and upstairs work; very small family. Apply 80 Vandeventer pl.

AGENTS WANTED. 10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

AGENTS WANTED-At 710 Olive st., office 17. MEN—A splendid opening for reliable and energetic men to represent the most complete nurseries in America: constant employment and good pay. Ap-ply to Ellwanger & Barry, Mount Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

EDUCATIONAL. 10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cen per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per aga line each insertion. ch insertion.

NIGHT CLASSES IN DRAWING.
St. Louis School of Fine Arts,
19th and Locust sts.
New term begins Feb. 4th.
45 per term of 12 weeks.

LANGUAGES.

The Berlitz School of Languages, Odd Fellow Hall. Branches in the principal cities; best in struction; reasonable fee; conversation especially.

MUSICAL. 10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cent per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agat line each insertion. PIANOS-Elegant 2d-hand square and upright planes at rare bargains. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st.

Piano FOR Sale-Will sell my fine Cabine
Grand Upright Plano at a great sacrifice; cesi
\$350; only been used five months. 3411 Lucas av. VIOLIN-A good violin for sale, with box, for \$5; must sell. Address Y 305, this office.

DRESSMAKING. 10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per line each insertion.

DRESSMAKING. Fine work solicited; fit and finish Miss G. Clemens, 8137 Morgan st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

MAN—An active and successful business man wishes to invest \$10,000 in some legitimate business and give personal attention to same; can give the very best references as to ability and character, and will require same. Add. T 305, this office. PARTNERS WANTED. ts per line; Display Headlines, 15 cent e line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agat insertion.

MONEY WANTED. MONEY—We have for sale choice first mortgage loans on St. Louis real estate in amounts of \$200, \$500, \$1,000, \$1,200, \$2,500, \$3,900,\$4,500; other amounts daily. Ror particulars and descrip-

HORSES AND VEHICLES. 10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ORSE—For sale, \$150 will purchase a good horse, 2 buggles and set of harness; a big bar ain. Call at l'ost-Dispatch office. SLEIGHS—Facer swell body, plush lined, \$22.50 open and top wagons of all kinds on monthly pay-ments. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. Broadway, Total Sor N. Channing av.
WAGONS McCabe, Young & Co., 12:3 N. Broadway, will heat anybody's price on grocer, launity, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's warns; also first-class storm buggies, surveys and ump-seat buggies of all kinds.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. 10 cents per line; Display Headilnes, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

SAGE treatment. Mrs. M. Edwards, 2217 GRACE BARNARD, 1124 Pine st., gives sea sile, suiphur and massage baths; lady attendant. BOSTON lady gives baths and massage at 1311 time st., room 1. IRS. AMES, massage and baths; first-class y operators. 26 S. 16th st. lady operators. 26 S. 18th st.
YOUNG German lady assisted by Miss Weber,
buths and massage. 908 N. 14th st. Middle furnished. D. Medical Co., 107 N. 9ts. USINESS cards. 75c and \$1 per 1,000. H. B. Croie & Co., 815 Locust at.

Crole & Co., 815 Locust at.

DIVORCES obtained, atricity confidential. Room 218, Odd Fellows Building.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, lady's physician will boad ladies during confinement; diseases of woman a specialty; con. free; easy terms. 2612 Wath at.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, midwire, graduate of two colleges, receives ladies during con.; female com. treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur.con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th. MISS ELMORE, Massage treatment and baths 2135 Market st. drs. Dr. RENNEKAMP treats female disease private home for ladies dur. con. 2327 Frankli

private nome to the same property of the same prope 1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and slarm clocks, \$1.50 to \$3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, \$5 to \$18; at Dun's Loss Office.

2,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches, 2,000 rings, 1,000 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc. For sale cheap at Dunn's Losn Office, \$18 Franklin av.

GOLD AND SILVER.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP'Y. 10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agats line each insertion.

MONEY to loan on watches, diamonda, jeweirs, guns, pistols, ciothing, musical instruments, etc., from \$1 to \$50,000. S. Van Raalte & Co., Loan Office, 12 and S. Fourth st. A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan \$25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing ad-rance will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture pianos, building association stock, etc.; terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and Stor-age Co., 717 Market st. LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st.

MONEY loaned on ciothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. LOANS—Short time loans on good security. Col-lateral and other notes bought. Add. L 284, this office. LOANS—On furniture in residence, planes and oth-er good securities; business confidential; rates and payments to suit borrower. Rm.1, 108% N. 8th.

MONEY at 8 per cent; immediate loans on furni ture without removal; monthly payments; lowes rates. Anchor Loan Co., 72014 Chestnut st. FURNITURE LOANS. Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confiden-tial. Union Loan Co., 1608 Pine st.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO. Loans mones on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest, no commission and business condential; lowest rate in city. 8161/2 Chestnut st., second floor.

COLUMBIA LOAN CO. Money to loan on furniture, planes; lowest rate usiness confidential. 810 N. 7th st.

LOAMS ON FURNITURE. The Fidelity Loan Guarantee Co. is now under the management and prepared to make loans of ito and up on all kinds of personal security, such as furniture, planos, borses, warehouse receipts, te. Our business is conducted in the most condential manner possible, property remaining in discussion of owner; partial payment taken, each ayment reducing cost of carrying loan according o amonut paid. If you need money call and see us.

FIDELITY LOAR GUARANTEE CO.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and planes in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan at. Business privats.

Clerks' and Salesmen. Respectable Families

ing pride and dignity momentarily emba-lesiring to avoid publicity and regular los-less with their compound rates of intered in confidential losses in any amount throug strict privacy, and can, if desired, secur-plance whenced furniture, and without

MONEY TO LOAN On Furniture, Planos, Etc.

AND CHEAPEST IN THE CITY. COMMERCIAL LOAN CO., 712 PINE STREET, Banking rooms, 11 and 12, Second Floor.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

1303 Washington Av., 2d Floor.

RENT LISTS. >

ROOMS FOR RENT.

WASHINGTON AV., 1217-Well-furnished room to gentleman and wife or gentleman; all con

south.

16TH ST., 114, S.—Two rooms, first floor front, furnished for housekeeping; heating and cook stoves;

Apartments for gentlemen, furnished or unfurnished, with or without bath attached. W. C. McCreery, Security Building.

BOARDING.

CARR ST., 1909—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

FRANKLIN AV., 3036—Furnished rooms, one large and one small, with or without board.

LOCUST ST., 2113—Nicely furnished rooms; first-class board.

LOCUST ST., 2636—Nicely furnished rooms; north and south exposure; with board.

LINDELL AV., 3609—Pleasant rooms with board, good table; reasonable rates.

PAGE AV., 4087—Pront room and board for gentleman; terms moderate; references.

11TH ST., 2104, N.—A young widow living alone would like to have two young lady boarders; neatly furnished room, with washing, at \$3 per week; call Sunday. North.

CLARK AV., 2222-Light housekeeping, complete; also one or more unfo Miscellaneous

ROOM—A refined young lady can have nice room and board, if agreeable and useful about the house; Catholic preferred. Address X 298, this office.

FLATS FOR RENT.

CORA PL., 1900 N.—4 rooms, bath, etc., new; \$23.50. JOHN GRETHER & CO., 804 N. 8th.

COTTAGE AV., 3718A—4 rooms, water. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 805 Chestnut.

COTTAGE AV., 2718A, 3720A—4 rooms each, \$15. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 805 Chestnut.

EASTON AV., 2907—5 rooms, bath, w. c., etc., \$24. JOHN GRETHER & CO., 304 N. 8th.

EASTON AV., 4868—Lovely 4-room flat; reduced to \$16. PAUL JONES & CO., 805 Chestnut.

EASTON AV., 4561A—4 rooms, bath, w. c.; new; \$18. JOHN GRETHER & CO., 304 N. 8th.

LACLEDE AV., 3203—4 rooms, laundry, etc., \$16.50. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 805 Chestnut.

LACLEDE AV., 3217—4 rooms, etc., 20. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 806 Chestnut.

LACLEDE AV., 3217—5 rooms, bath, water, large yard, \$30. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 805 Chestnut.

MAGAZINE ST., \$121-3125-3127—At this location we have, we think, the cheapest flats in the city, \$13.75 each. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 805 Chestnut.

\$13.75 each. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 803 Chestnut.

SARAH ST., 1443—3 rooms, water. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 803 Chestnut.

WASH ST., 2016—8 large rooms, reduced, \$12.50.

10TH ST., 2419 N.—Best 3-room flats in city, \$10.

11TH ST., 2502 N.—4 rooms and water; new; \$14.

CLARK AV., 2616—Second floor, 4 rooms, bath, etc., \$14.

JOHN F. M'MAHON, 921 Chestnut st.

HICKORY ST., 2214A, 2216, 2218A, 2220—Elegant 4-room flats, each \$20.50. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 805 Chestnut.

PARK AV., 3006-8-4 rooms each, \$20. MATHEWS R. E. CO., 803 Chestnut.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

ROOMS—Wanted, 8 or 4 rooms on Compton Hill; no children. P 296, this office.

HOUSE—Wanted, 6 or 8-room house, modern, bet. Laclede and Page av., west of Grand. Address
298, this office.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.

ADAMS ST., 2884—Stone front, 8 rooms, bath, laundry, cellar and large yard, in good repair; rent low. M. Dougherty, 1200 Pine st. COTE BRILLIANTE AV., 4809-2-story 4-room brick dwelling; nicely finished; convenient; \$12.

JOHN MAGUIRE REAL ESTATE CO., 107 N. 8th 8t. MADISON ST., 3028 4-room brick dwelling; convenient to cars; \$12. JOHN MAGUIRE REAL ESTATE CO., 107 N. 8th St.

GRAND AV. 2618. S. S rooms; all conveniences; near Tower Grove Park; \$27.50. JOHN MAGUILE REAL ESTATE CO., 107 N. 8th St. 21ST ST., 202, S.—Groom brick dwelling, ball; mear Union Depot; only \$18. JOHN MAGUIRS REAL ESTATE CO., 107 N. 8th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

PINE ST., 122—4 stories, just remodeled, suitable for light manufacturing business; two good light offices; rent cheap; outside entrance. R. O. GREER REAL ESTATE CO., 902 Chestnut. Tel., 888.

2826 Marcus av., near St. Louis av., elegant location for bakery or confectionery, with privilege of supplying entertainment hall above store; fast-growing neighborhood and on good thoroughfare; rare chance; rent low. Apply to B. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO., 902 Chestnut st. Telephone 886. e chance; feut low. Apply to h. C. Oragon Relad Schalts Co., we consult st. Terephone con.

A large, new 4-story brick store, just finished; all modern improvements; built extra strong; electricisht elevator; grouted cellars; well lighted; store suitable for wholesale whisky, grocery, wool paper house. Apply to R. C. GREER REAL ESTATE CO., 502 Chestnut st. Telephone 886.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per line each insertion. order; all modern conveniences; rent only \$25. ILLIOTT AV., 1727—These neat fats—t rooms each; let or 7d floors; in good order; rents re-used to \$14 and \$18 per menth respective; CORNET & ZKIBIG, 111 W. 7sh st.

3316 Magesine et., 4 reoms, \$15. 4127 Fairfax av., 4 reoms; \$15. 1203 M. 30th st., 3 reoms; \$10. TRUESDALE & CO., 117 M. 8th st. MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE. 10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents

WE have money to loan in amounts of \$200, ES \$400, \$500, \$600, \$700, \$300, \$900, \$1,000 B0,000 on first-class city real estate security. JOHN H. TERRY & SONS, &21 Chestnut St.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

DRUG STORE-Formals, drug stock and fixtures in central lilinois; eity of 25.000 inhabitants; basiness runs from \$350 to \$500 a month; rent, \$20; price, \$1,250; going into patent medicine business; good opportunity. A. M. Hildebrands, Decatur, Ill.

RESTAURANT-For sale first-class restaurant 7620 Olive st., best in the locality. JOHN MAGUIRE REAL EST. CO, 107 N. 8th st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE. 10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 Cents per agat line each insertion. FURNITURE—For sale, 1 nice black oak parl and bedroom set, \$25; must be sold immediatel 2808 Clark av.

> LOST AND FOUND. 8 cents per line each inse

FOR RENT-DWELLINGS.

FOR RENT E. KAIME & BRO.,

ras, bath and furnace.

FOR RENT—Seven rooms, in good order; swell
front house, with all conveniences; \$23 per
nouth. Apply to

J. E. KAIME & BRO., 619 Chestnut et. FOR RENT-Very desirable new brick house, tooms, bath and all modern improvements; or Morgan st., near 51st; rent very low.

J. E. KAIME & BRO., 619 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT. J. R. RAIME & BRO., 619 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT

idelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co

1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.

A PRISONER'S LAMENT.

w. St. G. Courtenay, Under Se

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per line each insertion

Pays 12 Per Cent Interest.

or Salo-Houses 3840 and 3842A Lucky at , been boring and Prairie, two new 2-story briesses of 6 rooms each, in flars of 3 rooms.

KELLEY & CO., 1113 Chestaut st.

A CENTRAL LOCATION

IN THE

Business District

For Sale.

POST-DISPATCH BUILDING,

Market Street.

Between 5th and 6th Sts.

Lot 52.5x115.

For full information see

Anderson-Wade Realty Co.

8th and Locust.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cen per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per aga-line each insertion

The Finest in the City.

FOR RENT.

to the corner of Ulive-Store

24x127-plenty of light; new

ADAM BOECK & CO.

622 Chestnut St.

and Locust Sts.

Cornet & Zeibig,

III N. Seventh St.

ALL SORTS.

PAPER your rooms now; greatly reduced prices send postal for prices and samples. E. French 1881% N. 17th st.

STOVE REPAIRS.

front: long lease.

No. 219 N. Broadway, next

Can lease for a long term.

Site of Old . . .

for to the penitentiary under a sentence of three years for an attempt to kill Bertha Schilling.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 2, 1886.

SIR—I do wish to be made known to the public, my friends and my prosocutors that I have borne these eight long, weary and unhappy months of imprisonment for the sake of my devoted and faithful wife; for, if she had not returned, I determined, when at the City Hospital, of ending my earthly career. I thank God for sparing me my life, and I am going to the penitentiary for my dear wife's sake, and, with the help of God, try and do my duty, whatsoever is alotted to me, and hope my health will be spared to me and live this cruel and unjust sentence out, that I will be able to put my shoulder to the wheel again and make a home for her whom I have cruelly wronged and driven from her lawful bed and board. My dear wife has promised me, when I have a home for her, she will live again with me. I am a wrecked and broken-up piece of humanity, but my spirit is by no means broken. My only wish, which is dearer to me than all this world's wealth, is to keep my health; for with the latter I can make a nice, comfortable living at my profession and give my dollars over to my wife, who knows how to take care of them. If I had only half the good sense she is blessed with. I would not now be in the unfortunate predicament I am placed in, and had given her my dollars in past years and listened to her words of warning. You will get your reward. I got it, with a yeageance, All her prophecy came true.

Faithful and true, returned to save; Tho' her home was gone, she forgave.

EDWARD ST. G. COURTENAY, V. S.

TO MY DEAR FRIEDERICKA. Here, still, is the smile that no cloud can o'ercast, And a heart and a hand all thy own to the Oh! what was love made for if 'tis not the same
Through joy and through torment, through
glory and pain!
EDWARD ST. G. COURTENAY, V. S.

INDIFFERENT TO DEBS.

Southern Pacific Engineers Say They Do Not Want His Help.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Feb. 4.—The Sothern Pacific engineers are excited over the statement given out by one of their number yesterday that it was their intention to enter upon a strike in case their demands were not acceded to by the railroad company. Just what position they will assume in case of a refusal by the company to adjust the differences is as well guarded a secret as was ever shared by so large a body of men. Both Chief Arthur and Chairman Myers of the engineers' committee denied that any strike was contemplated. They say that their complaints will be presented as becomes business men, and in the event of a refusal to adjust matters their future course will be guided by business principles. Both sides express the belief that there will be a peaceful settlement of the difficulty. The engineers disavow any knowledge of the whereabouts of Eugene V. Debs, recently reported on his way to the coast to take part in what was termed the impending war. They evince a total indifference to Debs' personality in their matters.

SILVER AT DRY HILL

Farming Lands in That Section Have S. W. Cor. Twenty-Second Much Increased in Value.

Much Increased in Value.

PERCY, Ill., Feb. 4.—Joe Houseman, an experienced lead and silver miner, is prospecting for silver at Dry Hill, near here, and claims to be meeting with much success, the Kinkaid hills abounding in silver, lead, copper and zinc. In an interview with a correspondent he stated that three shafts were being sunk, measuring the depth of 30, 20 and 16 feet, and that another would be started this week. Most of the drilling has been through solid rock, consequently the work has been slow. He further stated that silver ore already taken out assayed 75 percent pure, and that copper could also probably be mined in paying quantities. As an example of the stimulus already felt near Dry Hill, several farmers, who a few months ago would have sold every foot of land they owned for \$25 an acre, now refuse \$100 an acre for their farms. The company has now bought up about 800 acres of land in that vicinity. The company is composed of New York and Pennsylvania capitalists. Biogent building, containing nine large rooms assement, finished laundry, furnace, and all con enlonces; stable, etc.; all in first-class order. 10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

RUBT WHILE COASTING

Engineer Hart and His Wife Seriously In-

OB THE MENTAL DEVELOPMENT OF LITTTLE SILLE.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 1803 Washington av., 2d floor,

Lively Encounter With Moonshinera in Tennessee.

HER LIFE AND HIS.

Murder and Suicide by a Patent Me dicine Vender.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 4.—Frank Atkinson, a patent-medicine vender, shot his sister-in-law. Lena Sitter, this noon, killing her instantly. He then shot himself three times—twice in the breatst and once in the head. He can not live. The cause of his crime was family troubles.

DIED A PAUPER.

bliss, formerly a photographer, but more cently a gambler, died at St. Margaret's oppital yesterday, aged 73 years. Toblas id a career of vicisitudes. He was a phographer in St. Louis for many years. A w days before his death he left \$17 with friend to pay for his funeral expenses, and tiers addressed to his daughter, who, he ys, is living in New York, and is wealthy.

HIS CAREER IN ST. LOUIS.

H. A. Hyatt, dealer in photographic supplies, knew Tobias in this city some years age, but so long since that he had almost forgetten him until his name was recalled by the reporter. He said that Tobias did not rank very high here either socially or professionally, and that he had a reputation for constantly moving. In this way he is said to have kept galleries at Carondenet, in the McLean Building and on Broadway near Olive street, none of which were very successful. Some years ago he left St. Louis and went into business in Columbia, Marshall and Moberly, since which time Mr. Hyatt had completely lost sight of him.

FOUND BY HER FATHER.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 4.—Miss Ferguson a few months since was engaged to wed at her home in Fayetteville. Tenn., R. E. Moore, a popular young man of the same town. She is the daughter of J. H. Ferguson, a well-to-do farmer, is 15 years old and very pretty and accomplished. The marriage was announced and bride, minister and guests were in readiness for the ceremony on the appointed day, but the groom came not. Her father afterwards met Moore and tried to shoot him, but later the daughter and her lover ran. away and were traced to this city, where all trace was lost. Moore left the girl with four friends and so secreted were they that the whereabouts of the girl could not be learned. Finall, through the police, Mr. Ferguson, agreeing not to prosecute her jailers, a compromise was effected by which the girl was delivered to her father this morning. One of the young men was held as a host-age to insure Miss Ferguson's safe return.

SPEAKER RUSSELL ILL.

Telegraphs That He Is at Home, Down With Pneumonia.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 4.—Harry Climer, Minute Clerk of the House, received a letter and a telegram from Speaker of the House Russell, saying that he is down with pneumonia. He hopes to be able to return on Monday. During his absence, Maj. Bittinger or Col. Bothwell will preside.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATURE.

The Question of Free Coinage Shelved by

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 4.—The action of the Senate this morning was bn the St. Francis levee bill. The bill was referred to the Committee on Judiciary. The special order for the morning hour the bill to better enforce the laws and ordinances of cities.

and towns, was debated.

The Senate Memorial Committee made an adverse report on Senate memorial No. 3, petitioning the Arkansas delegation in Congress to vote for the free coinage of silver.

In the House Mr. Ferguson's bill requiring the registry of all cattle brands by stock dealers was smothered with amendments and recommitted.

Bills introduced: Regulating railroad fares, better protection of farm laborers, providing for a railway commission, amending the laws, amending the license laws, creating the Fourteenth Judicial District, amending the fish law, for the discharge of insolvent debtors.

WITH BRASS KNUCKLES. An Unknown Man Assaults the House-

JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 4.—At about 4 o'clock this morning, an unknown man entered the room of Mrs. Nabors, housekeeper of Fr. Dutro of St. Peter's Church, grabbed her by the throat and beat her over the head with a pair of brass knuckles, injuring her severely. Every effort is being made to apprehend the scoundrel, who made his escape.

For the Nebraska Farmers.

T. J. Woods of Mason City, Neb., is here to secure transportation for seed from places in the East, where it has been obtained, to Nebraska. His mission is to obtain the necessary funds from the merchants of St. Louis, of to secure their influence to have the railroads furnish free transportation.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 4.—Secretary of the Interior Hoke Smith arrived here from Washington, D. C., to-day, and will spend several days in the city, attending to private business. The Secretary has leased a home in Athens, where his family will spend the

The subjects of King Hotu will assemble at the Mercantile Club Tuesday night at 7 o'clock for the purpose of electing aboard of directors for this year, A smoker will follow the business meeting.

King Hotu's Subjects.

Probate Matters.

The will of John Withers was probated with Mary Withers as executrix. The estate is valued at 85,300. To Joseph Francis Withers, the testator's son, \$5,000 is bequesthed, the remainder to Mrs. Withers. The inventory of the estate of St. Clare Scott shows \$19,838.65 of personalty.

A Bow-Wow Question.

From the Cincinnati Tribune.
"Suppose," said little Mabel the other day,
that our pug should try to follow his nosewould he run down his throat, or would he
ust turn a back somergault?"

It Was Very Budden.

om the Milwaukee Catholic Citisen.
the: "Do you think the time will ever
me when women will propose."
for "I don't see why it shouldn't. Suppose
u proposed to me to-night, and I said yes.

Boiler Explosion in a Rhode Isl and Ice-House

KILLED THREE MEN

read.
THOMAS CASEY, internally.
THOMAS RELSON, alightly injured.
THOMAS NELSON, the engineer; blown hrough the building and scaded, but not seriously injured.
MARTIN RYAN, injured about the head.
HENRY BUTLER, colored; injured about

PHILIP LYNCH, leg broken below the knee and injured about the head.
MICHAEL TIERNEY, scalded and injured about the head.
GEORGE M. DARLING, foreman; injured about the face.

IRON MAKERS AT ODDS.

Is Expected.

Is Expected.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 4.—The Mahoning and Shenango Valley Iron Manufacturers' Association, composed of the leading iron concerns in Eastern Ohio and Western. Pennsylvania, has served notice upon the Amalgamated Association that at the expiration of ninety days a revision of the wage scale would be expected. This means the 44 per ton rate for puddling will be maintained no longer. Already sixty days' notice to the Finishers' Union, for the same purpose, has been given, and it looks as if before many weeks had gone by this section will be the scene of a memorable discussion over ironworkers' wages. The largest part of the membership of the two unions is in this city and currounding towns. Manufacturers claim that Pittsburg competitors are granted such concessions that they get all the business going.

DOG AND MASTER.

Leo Jedel Found He Bad to Tackle

Frank Gramm, a brewer, who boards at 321 Wainut street, was fined \$10 by Judge Moris on the charge of disturbing the peace. On Jan. 27 last Gramm was sitting around the lodging house, when Leo Jedel, a newspaper carrier, entered, accompanied by a favorite dog. Gramm had his dog also by his side, and it is said he objected to Jedel bringing his dog into the house. Jedel toild Gramm he was not the proprietor, and that it was none of his business. Gramm claimed the right of being the oldest boarder to call Jedel or anyone else to time in matters affecting the interests of the house. Jedel responded by knocking Gramm down, and a fight ensued, in which it is said Gramm's canine companion took a hold on Jedel's leg, and did not let go until chased off by spectators. Afterward Jedel took out a summons against Gramm.

INFURIATED BY DRINK.

Joseph Mulroy Smashes a Lamp and

Scares His Mother and Sister.

Joseph Muiroy, who is said to be a tough character, was arrested Sunday night by Officers Phillips and Stone of the Second District, and Judge Morris fined him 1800. Muiroy's mother and sister live at 2327 Rutger street, and it is said he has been in the habit of going home intoxicated and assaulting both of them. On Sunday night he went home at a late hour in this condition, and, it is said, he knocked his sister down and then ran his mother out of the house. In his alleged fit of anger a saverred that he picked up the lighted tamp and hurled it to the floor, breaking it into atoms, and almost setting the place on fire. Mrs. Mulroy was obliged to call in the police to subdue her son, and they took him to the police station.

PARIS THEATERS.

"The Doll-House" Revived, With Re-jane in the Leading Role.

Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.
PARIS, Jan. 22.—The past week has been notable in the theatrical world. "The Doll's House" has been again taken up at the

notable in the theatrical world. "The Doll's House" has been again taken up at the Vaudeville, with Rejane in the leading role. She is to give ten representations of the plece before leaving for America.
Sudermann's "Helmath" is on the winter lists, and no less an artist than Bernhardt is to portray the complex character of Madga. If any one can do it she can. It will be given shortly at the Rennaissance. The little group of gentlemen of letters who sympathize with the new school are making a valiant fight for not only Ibsen and Sudermann, but for Hauptmann, likewise, whose "Weavers" succeeded in Paris several years ago.

These young men of letters have enthuslasm and they have courage. They believe that Sudermann has perhaps taken his brilliancy and lightness of touch from the French Theater—from Ibsen he has learned the need of a serious and ethical groundwork, which two elements he assimilates with the result of a purely German work, but in the best sense original. That Ibsen, Sudermann and Hauptmann are living forces in the Franch society of dramatic letters argues well for France. Catulle Mendes and his kind are not all of France, let us believe.

Another brilliant success this week at the Odeon is Francise Coppee's tragedy in verse, "For the Crown." And lastly, the Mithelm of the service of Moliere—the Theater Francaise and the Odeon. The day was marked by especially fine representations. At the Odeon an apropos, serving as entr'act, written by Martel, the title "Celimene in Hell," was played, it was a poetic-allegoric piece, very witty and delightful.

In the audience were many distinguished men, notably Francisque Sareey, who had with him his pretty, young wife, and Mounet-Sully, who rushed, after the apropos, to take part in the ceremony which followed the "Malade Immaginaire" at both theaters.

The Fiddler Stole the Watch.

A warrant was issued against Julius Boehmer, a musician living near Ninth street and Lafayette avenue, charging him with the larceny of a gold watch and chain, valued at \$25, belonging to Mrs. Christine Good of \$720 South Compton avenue. A surprise party was given at Mrs. Good's residence last aturday night, and Boshmer was one of the musicians. The watch and some money was taken off of a bureau in Mrs. Good's room, and Boehmer was suspected. He was arrested at his home, and the watch was found in his possession, the police state.

Assay Office Appropriations.

Assay Office Appropriations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 4.—Among the items included in the legislative appropriation bill reported to the House to-day by Mr. Dockery of Missouri, are the following appropriations for the St. Louis Assay Office: For assayer in charge, \$2,000; one clerk, \$1,000; for incidental and contingent expenses, including isbor, \$2,400.

Bandits Condemned to Death.

ALGIERS, Feb. 4.—The notorious bandit Areski and nine of his followers have been condemned to death. Five other members of the band have been sanianced to terms of penal servitude.

Another Boy Missing.

Harry Remmert, aged 14, left the residence of

Harry Remmert, aged 14, Jeft the residence of his grandmother, 2511 North Twenty-fifth street, on Jan. 31 last, to go skating, since then he has not been seen, and it is feared he has been drowned. His parcuts live at Ferguson, Ho.

Alice Murphy, 17 years old, 3587 North Elevanth street, swore out a warrant against Charles H. Bray, aged 20 years, living at Fourteauth us Mullanphy ettreets, charging him with wanglaster under premise of marriago, in August, 1888.

THE MARKETS.

the ice and snow melts and milder weather starts vegetation.

There are certain times when wheat cannot be bought in the country, there are other periods when corn can not be bought and still others when no oats can be bought but just at present neither wheat, corn or oats can be bought, local receivers say. Outside the oats held in lowa there is practically no grain west of the Mississippi to be marketed, and the country supplies east of the river are held at prices too high to permit of shipment to this market.

The London Times prints a letter, from a "well informed" corespondent, who writes that he looks upon a rise in wheat as a great d'sadvantage to the British farmer, as it means a corresponding rise in feeding stuffs, which is a serious detriment to the farming class.

During the prevalence of cold weather, it is suggested that the Board of Directors cut down the cost of their lunches—leave pie off the menu, for instance—so they can afford to keep fires up over Sunday. Then the Exchange Hall will be comfortable Monday morning, which it has not been so far this winter.

Exchange Hall will be comfortable Monday morning, which it has not been so far this winter.

Official returns make wheat exports from Russia 118,737,000 bu in 1894, which was 25,-351,000 bu larger than in 1893, and 7,245,000 bu in excess of the large exports of 1890. Corn shipments of 46,543,000 bu and rye of 27,-893,700 bu in 1894 were also the largest in a series of years.

The Winnipeg Commercial says it is reported that 20 cars of Minneapolis flour have been sold in Canada. This is credited to the high price of Manitoba wheat in comparison with American.

Since Jan. 1, the stock of wheat in St. Louis public warehouses has been reduced by actual withdrawals 1,400,000 bu, and there is 600,000 bu more sold, but not yet ordered out.

The Mark Lane Express weekly review of the British grain trade reports only duliness and declines, due to the American financial situation and big visible supply.

The imports of wheat into Antwerp in 1894 were 45,000,000 bu, making it the largest importing point in the world.

Latest advices from the Argentine tend to confirm previous estimate of about 44,000,000 bu for export surplus.

The receipts of wheat at primary markets from July 1 to date have been the smallest since 1890-91.

Latest reports from Hamburg stated the weather was favorable in the vicinity for

from July I to date have been the smallest since 1890-91.

Lattest reports from Hamburg stated the weather was favorable in the vicinity for growing crops.

The available supply—visible in this country and afloat for Europe—is now 116,335,000 bushels of wheat against 109,223,000 bushels one year ago, and of corn is 17,200,000 bushels one year ago, and of corn is 17,200,000 bushels els against 22,223,000 bushels last year.

The amount of wheat on ocean passage to Europe decreased 1,040,000 bushels last week, and now is 22,960,000 bushels against 29,400,000 bushels one year ago. Corn on passage decreased 320,000 bushels, and is 4,480,000 bushels against 6,872,000 bushels one year ago.

passage decreased 320,000 bushels, and is 4,480,000 bushels against 6,872,000 bushels one year ago.

The wheat visible decreased 1,239,000 bushels last week, and now amounts to 83,376,000 bushels against 79,598,000 bushels one year ago, when the decrease was 38,000 bushels. Principal decreases last week were 376,000 bushels at St. Louis, 114,000 at Kansas City, 166,000 at Buffalo, 23,000 at Detroit, 54,000 at Minneapolis, 32,000 at Toledo, 734,000 at Minneapolis, 32,000 at Toledo, 734,000 at the seaboard, and largest increases 185,000 bushels increased 66,000 bushels last week, and the total is 13,720,000 bushels against 15,316,000 bushels one year ago, an increase then of 910,000 bushels. Principal changes last week were 278,000 bushels increase at St. Louis, 253,000 at Chicago, 208,000 at reseaboard, 49,000 bushels decrease at Peoris, 146,000 at Buffalo, 211,000 at Toledo. Oats visible decreased 299,000 bushels, and now is 7,683,000 bushels against 4,067,000 bushels one year ago, when it decreased 188,000 bushels ago, when it decreased 188,000 bushels ago, when it decreased 188,000 bushels.

ishe		when it	decreased	1 10
	Regular	Cash Mar	ket Prices	
		Monday. 8	Saturday. Y	ear .
		WHEAT.		128
. 2	red	5014b	50%b	30
. 8	red winter	491/sn 481/sn	48%n	

	white	39% 38 b	39 b 371/6	841/4 88
	1,233	OATS.	LONG THE	Halle to the
No. 2 No. 2 No. 3	white	30¼ 31¼ 28%b	30 b 31½ 29 b	281/4 301/3 271/4
138	F	uture Pr	ices.	
18.	Closing Saturday .	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing Monday.
17.1	45/40	WHEAT		THE STREET
May . July .	51¼a 51¼b	52	511/4	51%s 51%s
	- 12	CORN.		
Feb May . July .	38 b 39%@39%b 40%b	40%	39%	38¼n 40 b 40%@40%
-	12	OATS.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	SECTION 1
May .	29 b	29%	29	29%1
307 OI	AGO—Repor	wheat		sing & Co.
May .	52% 5	3%@53% CORN.	52%@52%	52%
May .	43 @43%	431/4	42%	42%@43
	N. 18	OATS.		PAS 2013
May .	281/4	28%	2814	008/
	28/9		2076	28%
May .	\$10.00 bl	PORK.	\$9.90	

May . | 6.60 | 6.57 | 6.55 | 6.57 5.22 | 5.20 | 5.15 | 5.17 May . 1 5.22 5.30 6.18 6.18 6.11 CHICAGO.—Wheat—Cash, 49%c; May, 52%c; July, 53%@53%c. Corn—Cash, 40%c; May, 42%@43c. Oats—Cash, 25%c; May, 25%c. Pork—Cash, \$9.55; May, \$9.30 bid. Clear Ribe—Cash, 34.97% asked; May, \$5.37 bid. Lard—Cash, \$6.42 asked; May, \$5.37. NEW YORK.—Wheat—May, 57%c asked. Corn—May, 47c asked. Oats—May, 32%c bid. TOLEDO.—Wheat—Cash, 52c bid; May, 53%c bid.

53%c bid. MINNEAPOLIS.—Wheat—May, 61%654%c;

WHEAT—St. Louis stood up against the combined weakness of nearly all the markets of the world this morning, the feeling being firm here and so continuing until ½0 advance scored. Then turned weaker and gradually declined until all the early advance was lost and closed with seliers ½0 above Saturday.

The second cable from Liverpool was ½d higher, and this, with the 1,040,000 decrease in passage, gave domestic markets their top price for the day. The visible decrease of 1,289,000 bu was something of a disappointment and was shortly followed by the English visible estimated increase of 1,078,000 bu and dull Continental cables—Parls and Antwerp unchanged and Berlin slightly lower. Advices from New Tork were of only two loads for export, and, as the cash business was small here, the effect was weakening and the close easy.

Eyery domestic and foreign market heard from this morning were inclined downward, the cables reporting dullness, where they didn't declines, and the markets of this country opening lower. All save the home market, the insignificant receipts here disinclining the trade from selling and buyers having to advance their bids to get any wheat at all primary markets, 5,000 bu arriving at Western winter wheat points, against 10,000 bu one year go, and 118 cars spring wheat in the Northwest, against 11 cars last year. Some talk of ice-amothered crops in this State and Illinois was heard, but cut no figure, as a market influence. The prospect of a large decrease in the visible did though, and helped give domestic markets their upward impulse, after the strength displayed by St. Louis had steaded them. Clearances were still small—1,000 pkgs flour, 65,000 bu wheat from four ports.

Spot Grades—Strong and on call ¼c higher bid for No. 2 red, but none offered of that or any other grade. The bids were 50½c for No. 7 red in United, &c for Terminal and East side.

being checked by the Dintie Elevator Coreducing the difference, asking May price to b East side and the below May f. o b this side.

CORN.—A rather easier tone was manifest at the opening, more through declines elsewhere than any local causes. All domestic markets started in weak and foreign markets are the properting another the same cad cass. Liverpool reporting another the season of the year were reported by primary markets, at five Western points, the postings only being for 285,000 bu against \$80,000 bu one year ago. The clearances from five ports were \$8,000 bu.

Spot Grades—Higher, and not mpch to be had at the advance, so small were the offerings. A speculative buyer had to pay \$34c (dc advance) for No. 2 regular on call, and bids above that for houses this side—384c for Farmers'. Little corn grading No. 3 and bids of 38c for regular, 384c for 8t. L. & M. failed to purchase. St. L. held at 384c. White grades still scarce and strong. No. 3 white being in milling demand at 39c (%c advance) for regular, 384c for F. & C. 60 for Terminal, and East Side of fered at 40c.

The advance from the opening was 4cc, but was not maintained. The visible increase was only 6,000 but the decline in wheat had an unfavorable affect and the price eased off 4cc. Time close was firm with buyers 460k c above staturday.

Futures—May opened at 40c and sold up to 404c and closed at 40c and July sold at 40% c and later 40% 6%c bid.

Bamples—Received 4t cars local, but little offered by sample and not much demand. Feeders paid 38c for mixed ear and 38%c for shelled mixed East side and St. Charles sold at 41%c to milliers. Sacked lots on orders 450 each later were scarce most the time, but and the very light receipts and the strong cash market.

OATS.

Oats—The future market was firm on the very light receipts and the strong cash market. Sellers were scarce most the time, but at the close May offered at top rate of the day, which was %c above Saturday.

Futures—May opened at 2cc and sold up to 29%c, which asked at close.

Spot Grades—The only offer to sell on call was No. 2 in Terminal at 20%c, for which 30%c was bid, and for No. 2 regular 25%c bid.

Spot Grades—The only offer to sell on call was No. 2 in Terminal at 30½c, for which 30½c was bid, and for No. 3 regular 25½c bid.

Samples—Received 6 cars local, 16 through. Strongly held, as most offerings in stock and well taken care of. Current offerings very small and nothing to be bought to arrive. The demand to-day was small, as hauling was bad and local feeders buying sparingly; shippers doing nothing. In special bin No. 2 sold at 30½g30½c, No. 2 white at 31½c. Track this side—No. 2 at 30½c, white at 31½c for ungraded slightly receded to 32½c for No. 2. East track—No. 2 at 30½c. Sacked lots on orders, 35;36c.

RYE—Strong and in demand, with 52c bid on call for No. 2 East Side, but none offered below 55c.

By sample a lot 69 sacks choice sold East Side at 54c delivered.

BARLEY—Very quiet. Buyers indifferent and offerings light.

FLOUR—Steady, but quiet. A good order trade, but foreign slow and only 3,000 sks for export reported.

Patents \$250;2c color of the color of the

Rye flour.

Cornmeal

Bran—Firm, but business restricted by small amount on sale. At country points bulk sold at 60c and sacked at 64685c. East track at 66c for sacked. At mill at 65c.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—Standard mess in job lots, \$9.92½ for new; on orders, higher:

LARD—Prime steam, £30c; choice, £45c asked. LARD—Frime steam, £30c; choice, £45c asked.

BACON—Boxed lots: Shoulders, £4c; longs, £4c; clear ribs, £4c; short clear, £4c. On orders, longs, £4c; clear ribs, £4c; short clear, £4c.

D. S. MEATS—Boxed, £50c; clear ribs, £4c; short clear, £4c.

D. S. MEATS—Boxed, £50c; clear ribs, £4c; clear r

CASTOR BEANS—Prime, \$1.25; small lots

CASTOR BEANS—Prime, 41.25; small lots and inferior less.

HAY.—Received 510 tons, shipped 318 tons. Notwithstanding the severe weather quite a large business was done, mainly, too, on the East Side. The market, however, was a most unsatisfactory one—axtremely dull and dragging, and a major part the dragging was in getting the buyer up to the buying point. Sellers reported no decline in price, but the market was easy and undoubtedly found buyers, especially on east track stock. The amount now for sale is far beyond current requirements and stocks are still accumulating.

current requirements and stocks are still accumulating.

Sales: Track and warshouse—This side—Prairie—I car packing at \$1, I strictly prime at \$8.50, I choice at \$9.7 strictly do at \$8.50, I strictly fancy at \$10.50, Clover—I car mixed at \$8.50, I at \$10, I alightly mixed at \$10.75. Mixed—I car at \$8.25. Timothy—I car choice at \$10.50, 3 fancy at \$11.80.

East side—Clover—I car mixed at \$9.25, 4 car at \$11. Timothy—I car strictly prime at \$9.50, 7 choice at \$10.20 at \$10.50, 3 do at \$10.75, 5 fancy at \$11.40 do (large-baled) at \$11.50, I glit-edge at \$12.

Straw—Wheat salable East side at \$4.50, this side at \$4.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—Quotably unchanged at \$2.35, but dull and not so strong as \$1 thas been.

SPELTER—Nominal at about \$2.90@2.82%.

(The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.)

PRUITS.

APPLES—Firm. Supplies light and demand fair. Ben Davis range from \$2.25 to \$4.25 t

Mexican, a. foga. 2: Florida. \$23.5; Valencia. \$5 per case.

LEMONS—Messina and Palermo, \$2.5033
ser box.

BANANAS—Selections suitable for filling enders sell at \$161.50 per bunch, according to aixe.

COCOANUTS—Selling in round lots from first hands at \$1425 per 1.000—in a small way at \$12.50 per 1.000—in a small way at \$1.50 per 1.000—in a small per 1.000—in a small way at \$1.50 per 1.000—in a small and interior to \$65550 per bu; choice yellow, 706750; small and damaged, 256350. On orders 100 per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

ONIONS—Scarce; firm. Fancy red globe \$15930 per bu; choice yellow, 706750; small and damaged, 256350. On orders 100 per bu more than foregoing prices are charged.

SFANISH ONIONS—Dull at \$25000 per case.

CABBAGE—Quiet. Choice, \$15917 per ton. fancy Holland and California, \$20620 on orders—Choice, \$26225 per crate; fancy, \$15.50 per doz.

SWEET POTATOES—Bermudas, \$3 per bibl; Nansemond, \$1.50.

RUTABAGAS—Quiet at \$76250 per bu; en orders, \$1 per bibl.

PARSNIPS—Choice on orders, \$1.75 per bibl.

CARROTS—Northern quiet at \$10 per 100 in bulk; choice on orders, \$1.50 per bil.

DRESSED POULTRY—Supply very light and demand equally so. Choice poultry of all sind firm. Turkeys sold at \$68% per lb, chickens at 74,68%c, ducks \$610c, gees at 766c. Undrawn, with heads and legs of lc less.

GAME—Rabbits in large supply and lower Duck scarce.

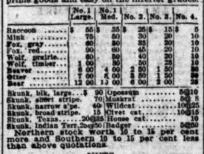
price; antelope, 12½c; goat skins, 10@20c each.

FEATHERS—Steady. Prime white live geese, large sks, 36c; small sks, 38c; quilly and prime gray, 28c; old white, 32c; X, 28@ 30c; XX, 16@17c; XXX, 10@12c; XXXX, 5@ 7c. Chicken—Prime, 3½c. Duck—Dark, 20c; white, 28c. Tare, 3 to 10 per cent. Turkey—Prime tail, clean and straight, 10c; prime wing, 8c; pointers, 2½c; mixed wing and tail, 8c; mixed wing, tail and pointers, 5c; prime body, 1c; damp, quilly and mixed, discounted as to value.

TALLOW—Weak; prime stock in bbls, 4½c; per lb; No 2 and stock in irregular pkgs, 3%g3½c; cake, 4½c.
GREASE—White, 3½c per lb; yellow, 3½c; brown. 3c.

BEESWAX—Prime salable at 28½c per lb. ROOTS—Ginseng, 32.30@2.60; seneca, 22@ 24c; snake, 20@24c; golden seal, 12@14c; May apple, 1½@2c; pink, 15c; lady slipper, 4c; black, 4½.65c; angelica, 3½@4c; wahoo, bark of free, 3½@4c; root, 7c; blood, 2@2½c; blue flag, 4c; golden thread, 8c; butterfly, 8c; bitter sweet bark, 5c.

WOOL



NUTS. PECANS—Texas, 44,66% per lb; Louisi-ans, 466c; Western, 464% septe per bu. WALNUTS—Quotable at Septe per bu. HICKORY NUTS—New nominal at Sep 76c per bu.
PRANUTS—Quiet at 162c per lb. Inferlor less.

| Burley | Burley |Old Stock | Red. | Colory. |Hvy&Dk. 1894 Crop.

or color, or mixed packages from le to 30 less.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SORGHUM—Dull at 15@15c per gal.

MAPLE SUGAR—Vermont, 74@5c; Candada, 10@104c.

MAPLE SYRUP—Fair to choice, 55@70c per gal.

HONEY—Choice in bbls and half-bbls, 44@5c; in cans, 64@5c; choice white comb, 15@16c; dark and broken, 6@5c.

CIDER—Poor to choice is quotable at 35.50 to 34.50 per bbl.

GREEN PEAS—Green jobbing at \$1.06@1.10 per lb; Scotch, \$1.15; split, \$1.45@1.60.

WHITE BEANS—Country quotable at 30c.
@1.10 per bu; weevily sells for less. Eastern hand-picked medium jobbing at \$1.75@1.50; pea beans at \$1.50@1.50; lima, 6@61/c per lb.

POPCORN—Dull at \$1.00 per 100 lbs. per lh.
POPCORN—Dull at \$1.00 per 100 lbs.
BROOM CORN—Firm. Ordinary is quotable at \$64c; choice, 465c; fancy worth more.
HOPS—Quiet. New York. choice, 11612c per lb; Pacific Coast, 1061le; foreign, 266c.

DE DOX Messina and Palermo, 25.002 per box.

Hoffs — Guist. New York, choice, lighty worth of Pacific Coast, 100112 Corsign, 200 per box protections suitable for silling and the COCOANUTS—Salling in round lois from the ret hands at 1402 per box as many control of the control

COTTON. MONEY. Private wire to Gaylord. Blessing & Co. LONDON, 2 p. m.-Prices of American se

Consols 104%.
Southern Ry. pfd. 52%, dec. 14.
St. Paul 53%, dec. 14.
St. Paul 53%, dec. 14.
Le N 53%, adv. 15.
Le N 54%, adv. 1 ing of Chicaso Gas is by a Western contingent. There is some realizing in General Electric by one of the interests that were large invers Saturday. The Rock Island statement for Isnuary shows an estimated gross decrease of 18,500. London houses bought a little Bris and L. & N. The Germans are buying stocks. St. Paul and L. & N. especially. London is buying L. & N. again. Bar silver in London advanced 11-16, now quoted at 27 5-16. The strength of D. & C. F. is said to be due to probable change of receivers. Judge Grosscup's decision is expected this morning.

WALL STREET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4, 10:15.—The market opened weak and active. There was a break in Union Pacific of 2 per cent to \$4. The loss was attributable to the defeat of the Union Pacific funding bill in the Rouse Sat

opened wesk and active. There was a braid in Dunn Factified and the control of th

et: CHARLES P. LEIB LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION-

Real Estate Matters.

The Anderson-Wade Realty Co. held a large and important auction sale of farming and mineral lands in the neighborhood of Farmington Mo. Messre Anderson and Wade of the firm and Cliff, H. McMillan, the firm's head salesman, conducted the sale. Several, local capitalists left St. Louis last night to be present at the sale and pick up mineral land at a bargain.

The Neeld-Shoulks-Delano Real Estate Agancy has removed from North Eighth street to handsome and well furnished offices in the De Menil Building, at Seventh and Pine streets.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following real estate transfers were recorded up to noon to-day.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following real estate transfers were recorded up to noon to-day.

REALINGTON AVE.—30 feet, City Block 452; George Dimitry and wife to Howard S. Rojens; warranty deed.

SEMPLE AVE.—50 feet, City Block 452; George Dimitry and wife to Howard S. Rojens; warranty deed.

TUNIATA ST.—5 feet, City Block 466; Francis M. Bolt and wife to Harry R. Hodgedon; guit-claim deed.

MICHIGAN AVE.—41 feet 10 inches.

City Block 145; Albert G. Blanks to George A. Abai; warranty deed.

SECOND ST.—50 feet, City Block 461; Katharina Fischer to Philip Fischer; quit-claim deed.

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LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATIO

Bothed at his dock.

So Mott Has a New York Experience Which Is Not Funny at All.

HONESDALE, Pa., Feb. 4.—Ed Mott. whose stories of Pike County origin are famous, writes to a friend here that he was thrown down and robbed in New York recently: He says:

"I got off the elevated at Twenty-eighth and started honeward. I heard some one behind me, but thought nothing of it. I reached the house, went up the steps, and had just stepped inside the vestibuled door, when I feit an arm quickly thrown around my neck from behind, and I was thrown down. At once I knew that I was being sarroted. I feit a man press his knee on my chest, as he choked me, and then I knew no more until I came to consciousness in the room of Mrs. Williams, our landlady. It seems that she had had company, and they had gone but a short time. Her room is on the ground floor, and she heard the struggle. She ran out, turned up the gas in the hall, and opened the door. She says that two men stood over me, busy with their robbery, but that they ran when she opened the door. She dragged me in, called for help, and, after ten or fifteen minutes, brought me to. The robbers had taken my watch, about 320 in money and my scarf pin, and were undoubtedly engaged in stripping me of my overcoat and clothing when Mrs. Williams appeared."

CARLISLE'S CLOSE CALL.

CARLISLE'S CLOSE CALL.

binet Officer Narrowly Escape

Being Bun Over in Washington.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—A special dispatch from Washington to a morning paper says Secretary Carlisle narrowly escaped being knocked down by a reckless sleighing party this afternoon while he was on his way to the White House to consult with the President about the financial question. The Secretary was walking along Pennsylvania avenue, and was just about to cross Excentive avenue, which separates the Treasury from the White House grounds. He looked solemn and oblivious of what was passing before him. Suddenly a high-stepping horse, drawing a cutter containing two young people, dashed across the street immediately in front of the Secretary. He was badly frightened, for he barely escaped being run over.

was badly frightened, for he barely escapes being run over.

He fell backward toward the curbing with a start that shook his hat from his head, and it was several seconds before he recov-ered sufficiently to remark that he had a very close call. A Treasury policeman glared indignantly at the rapidly disappear-ing sieighing party, and then escorted the Secretary across the street in safety.

UNITED BOYS' BRIGADE.

What the Organization Is Doing to De-

velop Patriotism and Piety.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 4.—A central organization of the United Boys' Brigade of America has been organized and incorporated in Chicago and will have its headquarters here. The incorporators are Dr. H. W. Bolton, Dr. P. S. Henson, Dr. D. C. Milner, Dr. John Rusk, Rev. C. F. Morse, Dr. C. B. Morrell, F. L. Chapman of the Ram's Horn, C. L. Ricard of the Sentinel and W. J. Robinson of the Church Press.

The brigade has had an existence in this country for a number of years, but heretofore it has had no definite head, and there has been no common line of work, such as is now contemplated. It is the purpose of the brigade to develop patriotism and plety in the boys of the land, and through them to inculcate a love for the stars and stripes in the growing boys of foreign extraction with whom they are brought in daily contact. It is said that there are fifty-two companies of the brigade in Chicago, averaging thirty boys to the company, and 1,000 companies in the United States.

RODE HIM ON A RAIL.

Welsh Slaters Punish a Man Who Took

RUTLAND, Vt., Feb. 4.—Sheriff Peabody of this county last night received a telegram notice from West Paroldis, on the border of New York State, that a riot was on. The Sheriff summoned his deputies and, provided with revolvers and rifles, they took the first train for the scene of the trouble. A laborer who had taken the place of one Welshman on a strike was brutally assaulted the night before and ridden on a rail to Cranville, N. Y., four miles away, by a gang, and a repetition was threatened on other workmen. The trouble was due to a controversy the Welsh slaters had with the companies owing to an arrangement made to retain 50 cents a month for physicians' services. The men wanted to terminate the arrangement, and all the companies did so except the Nelson & Rising Co. The men then struck and declared war on those who took their places.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

California Strikers Appeal to the Coun-

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—A dispatch from Washington to a morning paper says: The Pullman Railroad strike of last summer has reached the Supreme Court from the Pacific Coast. W. H. Clune, A. T. Johnson and Isaac Ross were convicted in the United States Court for the District of Columbia for obstructing the passage of the mail over the S. P. R. R. at Los Angeles on June 28 and sentenced to pay a fine of \$1 each and to be imprisoned eighteen months. From the judgment they appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States, and, pending the decision upon that appeal, are out on bail. The record in the case has been received and docketed.

HAS NO GUARANTEE.

The Canadian Minister of Railways
Makes an Absolute Denial.

TORONTO, Feb. 4.—Hon. John Haggert, Minister of Railways, gives absolute denial to the statement that C. N. Armstrong has had any guarantee of the Canadian Government in placing on the London money market securities of his company, to build a road from Gaspe to the Pacific, parallel with the Canadian Pacific. Minister Haggert considers it utterly improbable that Armstrong will be able to float his enterprise on the London market or anywhere else.

BUY COKE THAT WILL BURN Pittsburgh Crushed Coke

and furnaces. Cheaper than anthracite.

Berlin's Imperial Banks. BERLIN, Feb. 4.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shews the following changes as compared with the previous account: Cash in hand, increase, 6,29,000 marks; Treasury notes, increase, 460,000 marks; other securities, decrease, 1,000,000 marks; notes in circulation, increase, 2,680,000 marks.

Immediate Shipment or Delivery. We have all sizes of Anthracite Coal or Gas Coke in cars at East St. Louis. Can make innumerable shipment or delivery. Berry-Horn Coal Co., Union Trust Build's

Rio Grande Irrigation Company. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Secretary of the Interior has approved the articles of incorporation and proof of organization, with map, of the Rio Grande Dam and Irrigation Co. of Colorado.

Miss Lizzle Guerin entertained the Vic-toria Euchre Club on last Tuesday evening at her home, 4870 Cook avenue. The prizes were won by Miss Laura Graubner, Miss Kate Cunningham, Mr. Walter Cunning-ham and Mr. Arthur Feenan.

When Baby was nick, we gave her Castoria When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,

Literal Condition of the People of Nebraska.

Life Kept in Their Bodies, Noth

Snow Storm Would Kill the Already Starving Cattle, and That Would End

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.
FAIRFAX, S. D., Feb. 1.—Unless you wish to do penance for your sins, stay East! Life in the West is one dreadful routine of hardships and privation without routine of hardships and privation without any compensation.

I drove all day for thirty miles among the farmers around and about Fairfax, and I have returned to the village frozen and more than ever convinced of the alarming condition of the people in the droughtstricken regions of Nebraska and South Dakota.

stricken regions of Nebraska and South Dakota.

Hundreds of families will starve and cat-tle will freeze if there comes a snowstorm.

To the mildness of the winter is due the fact that human beings and stock have so far been able to live on pure air and scenery.

fact that human beings and stock have so far been able to live on pure air and scenery.

Horses, cows and pigs have been turned out to "rustle" for themselves on the bare prairies. And somehow the poor animals have managed to live in this section. In some places the prairie is covered with buffalo grass, which is said to be nutritious, even, when apparently dead. To these places the animals have instinctively strayed, and as I look for miles across the prairies I see dark spots here and there, which I have learned to know are herds of cattle.

I am told that the cows and horses that have been born West know enough to break the ice when they want water. There is a small stream some miles from here where they go for water. Still, if a snow comes, all the cattle will perish, as the farmers are absolutely without feed.

Among the many families I visited to-day was a German family in whom I became greatly interested. The house, although built of sod, had a look about it that almost made me feel that the inmates were comfortably fixed. But a look at the empty stable, the absence of animal life around the yard and no sign of hay or straw, made me realize that the drought had not spared them.

The interior was nicely plastered and whitewashed until the sides of the house

the yard and no sign of hay or straw, made me realize that the drought had not spared them.

The interior was nicely plastered and whitewashed until the sides of the house looked like snow. Half of the floor was boarded and half was the hard earth.

Idttle by little I persuaded the woman to tell me about herself and family. She and her children had books in their hands, and she explained that she was teaching them. She had been a teacher in Germany.

"When we first came to America we lived in Omaha," she told me. "We had a dairy. We owned fifty cows, for which we paid \$60 and more a head, and we paid \$600 a year rent. Just when we got all our cows paid for they got sick and thirty-six died within three weeks, and the rest we sold for \$9 each, because the authorities would not let us sell their milk. We felt pretty discouraged, so we decided to come to Dakota and take up a claim.

LIFE IN THE SAND HILLS.

"We went to the Sand Hills first. For three years we lived there and never raised a crop. So we decided to move here. We were told the land was better. We've been here four years, and I thought at first we'd get along.

"We'd only our furniture, such as you."

children and a stray orphan oby who is saring their hunger.

The sod house was most miserable inside.
One little bed stood on the bare ground. A
stove, some boxes and a washtub were about
ail. The woman and children were in rags.
Four years ago this young couple married
and came West to make a home for themselves. They had money enough to buy two
horses, two cows, some chiskens and a pig;
but when that was spent they got no further. They have worked hard, but they
have no crops.

but when that was spent they got no further. They have worked hard, but they have no crops.

First the pig was killed and given to the storekeeper in exchange for groceries. Then hunger compelled them to kill and eat their starving chickens. Finally, the horses were turned out to "rustle," and the family had nothing but milk and bread. Then the cows went dry from lack of food. Now they are "rustling" on the prairie.

There was no work to be had. In a farming land there is nothing to do in winter. But winter made people cold, so the husband decided to cut wood.

It takes him a day to chop a load of wood and haul it to his house, another day to saw this wood into stove lengths and still another day to haul wood to Butte, where he sells the entire wagon load, the product of three days hard labor, for 75 cents.

He does not succeed in selling a load every week. For people are poor, and wood, their only fuel, is used sparingly.

As soon as the 75 cents is earned it is spent for flour. A sack, fifty pounds, does the family one week. It is their only article of diet, so more is consumed than would be otherwise.

AN ORPHAN BOY'S TALE.

the word is consumed than would be the consumed than would be therwise.

AN ORPHAN BOY'S TALE.

But poor as this family is, they share heir little with an orphan lad 12 years old. His name is Roy Gordon and his home was n Deland, Pike County, Ill. His mother married a second time after his father's death and his stepfather was not kind to

the conductor," the boy said, "and the onductor handed me over to a man in Chiago. The man put me on another train in targe of the conductor, and I rode till the muductor put me off at a station in Clark unity, Dak. There a man met me. No. mr. I never seen the man afore, an' I it know how he knew about ms. I and the carties of the c

OUR NEW BALLOON.

In the United States.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—A special from Washington to a morning paper says. The army is to have another balloon and this time the aerial engine of war will be made in this country. Capt. Glassford of the signal corps, who is stationed in Denver, Colo., has recommended that material for a balloon be purchased and that the construction be done at Fort Logan, Colo., where there is a company of expert balloonists attached to the signal corps. He estimates the cost of a balloon made in this country at \$700, or about one-third paid to the French maker of the balloon at present used in the service. Gen. McCook, in command of the department of the Colorado, has approved the recommendation, and it is likely that Gen. Greely, the chief signal officer, will instruct Glassford to purchase the material needed. It has also been decided to build a gas plant at Fort Logan, Colo., where gas in iron cylinders will be properly stored for shipment to any point where a balloon may be located. Capt. Glassford, who may be called the balloonist of our army, is greatly interested in this feature of the signal corps. He believes that there is a great deal in the subject, and that no distant day those governments who spend money for experiment, such as Franca, will go into the matter more deeply, following the line of Maxim's investigations. The believes that there is a great deal in the subject, and that no distant day those governments who spend money for experiment, such as Franca, will go into the matter more deeply, following the line of Maxim's investigations. The believes of the wind to make it manageable for war purposes. But as a means of observation car. Its bulk presents too large a surface to the wind to make it manageable for war purposes. But as a means of observation that the wind to make it manageable for war purposes. Experiments are making as far as possible with the axisting balloon, but with the limited means at hand it is only possible to make a few ascents at a favorable season more as an instruction

READY BY MARCH 4.

It Is Thought That the Annual Appropri tion Bills Will Not Be Belated.

tion Bills Will Not Be Belated.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—With but four weeks of the session of Congress remaining from moon to-day, a glance at the condition of the regular annual appropriation bills is interesting. It is believed that unless unforesseen difficulties arise, all the bills will have been presented to the President for his approval before 12 o'clock, March 4. A difficulty which has been suggested is the possible tacking on to one of the bills of a provision embodying some financial legislation in the event of the failure of the enactment of another measure. The contest over such a step might delay action on the bill so that it would not reach the President in time. All appropriation bills have been completed by the committees having them in charge, except the general deficiency bill, the preparation of which is always deferred so as to insert all the estimates that may be submitted to Congress by the executive departments of the Government up to the latest day it is safe to wait. The legislative bill, although prepared, has not yet been formally passed upon by appropriations bill, but this will be done to-day, and the measure will be reported. The military academy is the only one of the regular annual appropriation bills that has received the executives' approval, but the conference report on the army bill has been agreed to by both branches of Congress, and will soon be sent to the President. The fortifications and pension bills are in the hands of conference committees, the diplomatic bill and the District of Columbia bill are pending in the Senate, having been reported from the Senate Committee having them in charge, while the Indian, the Post-office and the sundry civil bills have passed the House and are now under consideration by the Senate committee. The agricultural and the naval bill are on the House calendar. The former will be passed without much discussion, while the latter, on the other hand, will be debated thoroughly, and the recommendations of the committee favoring the construction of

MEXICO MAKES A GRAB.

can Cattle Are Confiscated.

YUMA, A. T., Feb. 4.—The Americans who have for years ranged their stock on the extensive lands of the Blythe Concession in Lower California, near here, are likely to lose-all their stock through selzure by the Mexican customs authorities. Until the boundary line was recently surveyed, no one knew exactly where the line was, and cattle roamed over the whole country with perfect freedom. About three months ago, however, the Mexican Government established civil authority over the northeastern part of Lower California, and the vicinity soon swarmed with Judges, Sneriffs. Customs Inspectors and other petty officials. A month ago a roundup was ordered, and the result was that all stock was seized and confiscated.

Joseph S. Carter, an American who has been in the country ten years, and whose stock was all born on Mexican soil, was arrested and is now in jail at Ensenada. Donald Moore and William Carney, two other Americans, whe were driving through the country looking for a range, were also arrested and are in jail. Their entire outifits were confiscated. Charles Baker, Peter Johnson and some others left the country, but all their stock is in the hands of the Mexicans. The stock is valued at \$15,000. It will be driven to Ensenada and sold.

"FIGHTING INSURANCE MAN."

Hindman Will Institute Contempt Pro-ceedings Against Another Lawyer. NEW YORK, Feb. 4.-Thomas C. Hindman, known as the "fighting insurance man," who is representing the creditors of the wrecked Columbia Fire Insurance Co. the wrecked Columbia Fire Insurance Co. before a committee appointed by the Supreme Court of Kentucky, is about to institute contempt proceedings against Louis V. Booraem, counsel for Elliott L. Butler, President of the late company, on the ground that certain witnesses have ignored subpoenaes served upon them by his advice. Mr. Hindman was served with a notice by Mr. Booraem that a motion would be made to quash the commission under the proceedings being conducted here. Booraem protests, claiming that the Justices of the Supreme Court are being deceived or imposed upon in some manner. This is absonitely denied by Hindman.

THEY ARE POOR MEN.

times now. We are down to hard, practical business.

"Perhaps the hard times here had much to do with the charge in the far West, but at any rate it i." been most marked since last fail's election. If Utah is admitted, poor men will come to the Senate from that State also.

Mr. Clark was hopeful that the Carey law for the irrigation of arid lands would be accepted for Wyoming. He believed the State would accept the 1,000,000 acres of arid lands as provided in the Carey law and would take steps to have them irrigated by private corporations. In the Big Horn Valley alone, be had been told, a single irrigating ditch would provide water for a wast region. It was his opinion that if the State succeeded in irrigating the arid lands given it under the Carey law the general government would turn over all the arid lands within the borders of the State. All the objections against the projects for irrigation being undertaken by corporations on the ground that it tended to a wast system of landlordism, Mr. Clark believed, could be overcome by the Wyoming Legislature, which is now considering a number of bills covering the grant in the Carey law.

HEARTLESS JOKING.

Wrecked Chicora Was Found.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 4.—The belief is growing apace that the reported finding of the wrecked lake steamer Chicora originated in the mind of some heartless practical joker, who, having once set the yarn to traveling, found thousands of reddy believers to spread and exaggerate it with every repetition. The search was again taken up this morning, though all conservative vessel men unite in pronouncing if next to useless. Absolutely nothing was found up to the time the disappointed searchers returned last night, indicating that the vessel's hull was not in the vicinity indicated by those claiming to have seen it, and while further tidings are anxiously awaited it is with a feeling of hopelessness and keenest disappointment. Especially is this the case at Benton Harbor, Mich., and other places where the crew of the finding of the dismasted vessel and the rescue of her crew was received at Benton Harbor and St. Joseph during memorial services for the dead in the churches and created the wildest enthusiasm. Hundreds wept for joy, yet feared the news too good to be true, as, alas! seems to have been the case. Special trains were arranged for the conveyance of hundreds to meet the supposed dead men so miraculously yielded up by the chilly waters; bells were rung, whistles screeched and bonfires were lighted, but their premature joy seems doorned to dissipation in despair, Here and there, however, is found those whe hope that the rescuing tug Perfection had found something of the Chicora. They found nothing. On every hand was slush ice, a few sea guils, desolation—silence.

The Episcopal Divine Is in Favor of

The Episcopal Divine Is in Favor of a Rational Sunday.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Another clergyman has dared to come out and declare his belief that the demands of those people who use intoxicants must be met with a more liberal excise law, even to the extent of Sunday opening. The Rev. Dr. J. N. Rylance, pastor of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, at St. Mark's place and Second avenue, is the man.

Dr. Rylance is a man who reads the newspapers. He knows full well the outcry which greeted declarations on the part of Mayor Strong and the Rev. Dr. Rainsford in favor of a more liberal excise law, yet he has joined them on this question. Here is what Dr. Rylance says:

"If I correctly interpret certain tendencies of public opinion and sympathy just now, there is a gathering consensus among men of open, pilant minds in favor of dealing with our Sunday public 'drinking' customs in a more rational way than that which we have been trying for some considerable time to make effectual to the promotion of social order and good morals on our weekly holy day, or holiday. This method, the shutting up of all common public drinking places on every first day of the week, and so preventing the possibility of the common people, at least, getting at intoxicating beverages of any sort, the police and our lower criminal courts coming in when needed to secure obedience to this ordinance—this method has not only failed to work out, but it has been a fertile occasion of immoralities, of lyings and hypocrisies and briberies, thus demoralizing respect for all law.

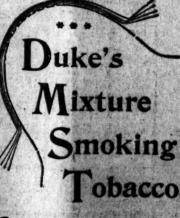
"Seeing which—and who is so blind as not to be able to see these things"-sensible men, not committed to theories unduly, are coming very generally, I suspect, to say within themselves and to one another. There is surely some wiser way of dealing with this matter. Manifestly, our heterogenous community being what it is, we cannot have the Puritan Sabbath here; but cannot we have a workable compromise?—say the plan that seems to work so well in London, as we hear. I am not mister this time."



2 ounces for 5c.

BEST PUREST & MOST ECONOMICAL

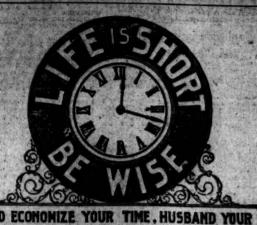
That Explains the Report That the Wrecked Chicors Was Found.



Cool, Mild, Fragrant.

Absolutely the Best for the Money

ald Everywhere by All Douler



MADE THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST.LOUIS.

Write a Prize Jingle

Selz Royal Blue \$4.00 Shoe

LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION.

St. Louis, Mo., January 14th, 1898.

bargains, on sale this week, 225 Extra Fine, Extra Long Cut, Eng-

lish Box Back OVERCOATS, the very "Swellest of the Swell," sold by us all season for \$50. They go in the great sale for

Don't overlook these odds. It' a genuine 2 to 1 shot.

500 \$25 Ulsters, extra heavy and long, big collars, etc., for, \$15.

500 \$15 Heavy Overcoats and Ulsters for \$10.

600 Men's \$18 and \$15 Winter Suits for \$10. Bons fide first-class values only at

HUMPHREY'S

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Alexander Guillier, decessed, that I the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of 8t. Louis, to be holden at the Court flower in said city on the first Monday of March next.

ROBERT T. STILLWELL, Administrator.

8t. Louis, January 28, 1895.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Silas Johnson, decessed, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of 8t. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

St. Louis, Jan. 23, 1895.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is hereby given be all creditors and others interested in the estate of James Murry, alias James M. Drysdal. decessed, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator, in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

WM. O. RICHARDSON,

Public Administrator, in Charge of Estate of James Murry, alias James M. Drysdal, Decessed, St. Louis, Jan. 28, 1895.

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Jan. 28, 1896.

2712

NOTICE of Final Settlement—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Jan. 28, 1896. LOOK OUT FOR STAGNATION.

NOTICE of Final Settlement,—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Oscar E Franko, decessed, that I the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next form of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holder at the Court-house in said city, on the

F. and ED L. GUTTNCHALK, Attorneys. 272-28.

NOTICE of Final Settlement.—Notice is bereby given to all creditors and others interested in the setsie of Eduard Wunderli, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator c. t. a. of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court-of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in anid city, on the first Monday of March next.

HERMAN J. KREMBS,

Administrator with the Will Annexed of Eduard Windiestl, Decasaed. NOTICE of Final Settlement. Not given to all creditors and others in estate of Clemens Landzettel, dec

et sts. St. Louis, Jan. 28, 1895.